The DAILY COMMERCIAL, published by the Commercial Printing Company, corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Editor.

M. F. EGAN, Business Manager.

☞ TERMS OF THE DAILY: Single copy, 3 cents; delivered by carriers (per week), 25 cents; subscribers by mail (per year), $6 00.

☞ Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞ Letters on Business, Subscription, &c., address THE COMMERCIAL, Pittsburgh.

The Weekly Commercial, a large sheet, containing all the Current News, Miscellaneous, Literary and Scientific Intelligence, and Valuable Reading for the Family.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY: Per Year (52 issues), $2 00; in Clubs of Twenty, $1 50; one copy gratis to the getter up of the Club.

The money must always accompany the order, and in no instance will credit be given.

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The Daily and Weekly Commercial—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

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VOL. X. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 1, 1873. NO. 198.

FIRST EDITION.

THE MODOC SUCCESS.

Dispatch from Gen. Scofield to Gen. Sherman.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—General Sherman to-day received the annexed dispatch from Gen. Scofield:

"LAVA BEDS, April 28.—On the 26th, Major Green, commanding the camp on the west side of the Lava Beds, ordered Captain Thomas, of the Fourth Artillery, and a party of Warm Spring Indians, about seventy soldiers and thirteen Indians, to make a reconnoissance in a southeasterly direction to a point about four miles from camp. The party left camp about twelve o'clock, noon, reached the designated point and were resting, no Indians having been seen, suddenly the party was fired upon by the Indians, when upon searching in the lava chasms the bodies of Captain Thomas and Lieutenant A. P. Howe, of the Fourth Artillery, and Lieutenant Thomas F. Wright, of the Twelfth Infantry, were found. First Lieutenant Arthur Oranston, of the Fourth Artillery, has not been found. It is supposed that they were killed. Lieutenant George M. Harris and acting Assistant Surgeon B. Sernig, were seriously, though we hope not dangerously wounded. Thirteen enlisted men were killed and wounded. All the officers and part of the men remained together and fought like heroes, but the Indians had secured the advantage of the position before being discovered. The remains of the officers will be taken to Yreka to-morrow. The bodies of four warriors have been found at or near the scene of battle. Captain Meadenhall reports from Burlettaville, and is expected to join on the 30th. The Indians occupy a position in the rocks about four miles south of their caves, and it will be impossible to surround them with the force on hand, or those en route to this place. The circumference of the lava beds is about thirty miles. General Davis is expected to be here to-morrow. Alvan Gillem and General Davis started from Yreka for the lava beds this morning."

General Sherman, after having a conference with Secretary Robeson, has ordered Lieutenant Harry Belknap and the President in a way of consultation as to future army movements.

Another Indian Massacre Reported.

TORONTO, April 30.—A dispatch from Ft. Garry says: Information has been received from a trustworthy source to the effect that some American traders having obtained Hide Knife and Sitting Bull, Sioux chiefs, at Cypress Hill, four hundred and fifty miles from Ft. Garry, in British territory, the Sioux Indians, to the number of one thousand all the Americans and half breeds in the vicinity.

Wabash and Erie Canal Abandonment.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

FORT WAYNE, IND., April 30, 1873.

Wilson Smith, Superintendent of the Wabash and Erie Canal, announces that in consequence of the action at the late meeting of the Managing Board prohibiting the officers of the canal from expending money on incurring liabilities for the repair of said canal, and the refusal of several counties to assist in said repairs, that the water will be drawn off on the third day of May. This will be a serious loss to the towns of the canal, as the canal insurance companies will raise their rate for insurance. Property in most of the towns depend entirely on the canal for water in case of fire.

The new Court House at Decatur, Indiana, is rapidly approaching completion. It is a very fine building, costing, when finished, one hundred thousand dollars.

Organ Dedication at Mansfield, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, OHIO, April 30, 1873.

The new organ of the Congregational church was dedicated to-night by a grand organ concert, George W. Morgan, of New York, organist. The vocal parts were sustained by Mrs. C. R. Taft and the Philharmonic Society. It was one of the most successful entertainments ever given in Mansfield. Mr. Morgan was suffering severely from a painful injury received in one of his arms, on the cars at Altoona, Pa., but, nevertheless, went through with the entire programme. Another concert will be given to-morrow night, with Mr. Morgan as organist.

Death of Congressman Brooks.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30.—Hon. James Brooks, Representative in Congress from New York, died at his residence in this city to-night, at 8:30 o'clock, in the presence of his family. He recognized those around him to the very last moment. He had long been in feeble health from, as he himself frequently said, the effects of fever while in command in Asia. The deceased was in his sixty-third year. His death has created a profound sorrow in all circles of the community.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Returns of the election in the Second Congressional district of New Hampshire, gave Austin F. Pike seven of a plurality. Alleged errors have subsequently been discovered, which if corrected would give S. N. Bell a plura ity. The Governor and Council yesterday instructed the question of their power to go behind the returns, and it is understood that they will submit the matter to the judiciary for decision.

At Philadelphia, Monday, the United States Court, pending the final hearing, denied a motion to dissolve the injunction restraining Theodore S. Williamson and Lewis S. Noyes from selling or encumbering a tract of sixty-three thousand acres of land in Wyoming county, West Virginia, claimed by one Hermann.

In the Ohio Senate, yesterday, during the discussion on the general appropriation bill, a motion to submit to a vote of the people of the State the question of $500,000 for damages done by the Union forces during the Morgan raid was disagreed to, and the appropriation was again defeated—year, 14; nays, 20.

A Rio Janerio letter of the 4th inst. states that, owing to the late rains, a land slide was occasioned which tore down a massive stone wall on a building in the navy yard, instantly killing twenty workmen and wounding fifty others.

Governor DIX has signed the new charter for New York city.

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The schooner Morning Light, from Detroit with wheat, arrived at Oswego, yesterday—the first vessel through the Welland this season.

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Eighty thousand tons of Scranton coal sold at the regular monthly sale at New York, yesterday, at a slight advance over last month's prices. The following are the quotations: Lump, $5 17½; stove, $4 25½; grate, $4 47½ to $4 50; egg, $4 60 to $4 70; stove, $6 10@$ 12½; chestnut, $4 25@4 32½.

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The New York Crispins report that seven Broadway firms have acceded to their demands, and that the movement is generally a success. Several firms still resist.

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Enoch Hoag, Superintendent of Indian Affairs, passed Parsons, Ks., yesterday, with a delegation of Winnebago Indians from Wisconsin, who go to select a home in the western part of the Indian Territory for their tribe, which numbers about one thousand persons.

Full advices received at Topeka, Kansas, from the Southwest, leave no room to doubt that the severe storms of Indian Territory in that location are pure stories of Indian outrages in the late excitement. There are no hostile or troublesome Indians within one hundred and five miles of the outermost settlements.

The Metropolitans are returning to New Orleans from Fort Vincent, Louisiana, the difficulty being amicably adjusted.

Secretary Belknap, General Sheridan and party arrived yesterday at New Orleans from the Rio Grande, and left for Washington.

The Louisiana State Fair closed at New Orleans, yesterday. The meeting was successful. Ticket No. 5,000 drew the first and second grand prize.

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It is said that prominent parties in Henderson are preparing a bill to set aside the recent consolidation of the Henderson and Nashville Railroad with the St. Louis and Eastern Railroad.

Railroad consolidation seems to be the order of the day in Great Britain as well as here, for it is stated that out of the 18,376 miles in that country at the end of 1871, 11,460 miles were owned or worked by only fifteen companies, and the remaining 4,918 miles were in the hands of ninety-five companies.

THE LATE BANK FAILURE.

Decidedly Loose Way of Doing Business, or Deliberate Stealing by the Cashier and Confederates.

NEW YORK, April 30.—The *Tribune* to-morrow publishes the following: The Receiver of the Atlantic Bank yesterday completed a list of depositors and amounts to their credit, but refused to give a copy to the *Tribune* reporter. Examination was also made by him of the special loan account, and some singular illustrations were brought to light, showing the loose manner in which the affairs of the bank were conducted by the defaulting cashier. These were of such a character as to indicate not only criminality on the part of Taintor, but suggested to some of the depositors, who learned the facts, that Taintor had confederates as desperate as himself. The special loan account shows that over $340,000 have been loaned on securities, all of which have disappeared. Of this amount L. H. Niles, No. 8 Broad street, one of Taintor's brokers, and as far as known his only broker, had received $90,000, and J. H. Conover, a clerk of Niles's, who is said to receive only a small salary—named by some persons as low as eight dollars a week—had borrowed $25,000. Nearly all of those loans had been made by Niles & Conover within the last three months. Only one loan of $10,000 is entered as having been made previous to 1873, and this was as late as November, 1872. All the securities deposited by Niles & Conover are among those said to have been stolen. The books of the bank show that the concern was indebted to Niles to the amount of $50,000, represented to have been deposited by him; but when yesterday appeared before Receiver Strong, and on being asked the amount or his claim against the Bank, said it was between $200 and $300 only. This extraordinary discrepancy continued to puzzle the Receiver and accountants until the close of the examination last night. The Receiver has caused inquiry to be made into the standing and credit of all Taintor's alleged brokers and mercantile agencies. Reports render still more suspicious their large operations for account of Young, the defaulter. Further inquiry into the accounts revealed that within twenty-four hours of the collapse one of the directors had overdrawn the account of his firm to the amount of six thousand dollars.

THE OIL REGIONS.

Good Start For a New Well.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

ST. PETERSBURG, PA., April 30, 1873.

The new well on Judge Keating's farm, on the O'Donnell lease, started off at one hundred barrels per day.

CRIMES.

Series of Burglaries at Marietta, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MARIETTA, OHIO, April 30, 1873.

Our city has been infested with a gang of burglars of late, who enter dwellings and take money or jewelry only. There has been a dozen burglaries in the past three weeks, by one of which Mr. D. Shrumberry lost a gold watch worth two hundred dollars. There is no one to the perpetrators.

A Negro Boy Hung by a Mob.

LOUISVILLE, April 30.—About twelve o'clock last night at Harrodsburg, Mercer county, Ky., a large crowd, supposed to be negroes, gathered around the jail, aroused the jailor, and told him to open the door as they intended to confine in the jail. After he had opened the door they informed him there was a colored boy in jail whom they wanted and meant to have, and going where he was, took him out a short distance from town and hung him. Nearly a year ago he was tried and sentenced to one year's imprisonment, the offense being an attempt at rape. The jailor permitted him to go after his term every evening, and on one of these he made a second attempt on the person of a little colored girl. He was found dead this morning hanging to a limb. His name was Robert Card.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, April 30, 1873, 8 P. M.

PROBABILITIES.

For the lower Mississippi valley, Tennessee, Missouri and the Gulf States, falling barometer, fresh southeast winds, rising temperature, cloudy weather and rain. For the Northwest and upper lakes, and thence to Indiana and Kentucky, falling barometer, brisk northeasterly and northerly winds, increasing cloudiness and rain. For the South Atlantic States, easterly and southeasterly winds and diminishing pressure, followed by cloudy weather with occasional rain, for the lower Ohio and upper Ohio valley and Middle States, northeasterly to southeasterly winds and high pressure, diminishing tonight, with partly cloudy weather. For Canada and New England, clear and partly cloudy weather, with northeasterly winds. Partly cloudy signals ordered for Duluth, Chicago, Milwaukee, Grand Haven, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland. Reports are missing from the extreme Northwest, Rocky Mountains and Pacific coast.

The Louisville and Portland Canal.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—The Committee of the Chamber of Commerce on the Louisville and Portland Canal reported to-day the results of their recent visit to the Directors of the canal, from which it appears that up to the 11th inst. they had received no official notice of the passage of the law authorizing the United States to assume control and management of the canal; that they were ready to surrender their trust on the full compliance of the general government with the act of the Kentucky Legislature authorizing the same, which act contemplated the actual payment of the debt. In the event of the non-acceptance or declining to give up the canal not yet the Union forces during the Morgan raid was disagreed to, and the appropriation was again defeated—year, 14; nays, 20.

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Inducements Offered

FOR CASH and to PROMPT MEN, on sugars. All kinds of groceries and flour at the Checkered Front, Pittsburgh. T. C. JENKINS.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

The Second Modoc Massacre.

Trained Hunters to be Enlisted.

Settlers Stampeding for Safety

Oregon Indians Eager for War.

Expiring Franking Privilege.

GREAT EXTENT OF THE ABUSE.

Preparations for the Reform.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 30, 1873.

The Modoc Victory.

The disastrous encounter with the Modocs on last Saturday, with the receipt of fuller particulars, has been a subject of sad consultation at the War Department and in military circles all day. The murderous results of the conflict are almost unparalleled. Out of the seventy who started on the reconnoissance, four officers and thirteen men were killed, and one officer and sixteen men wounded. Captain Thomas was a son of General Lorenzo Thomas, of the army, well known in connection with Andy Johnson's controversy with Stanton a few years ago. This experience will, it is thought, decide the question of organizing a suitable corps of trained hunters to participate in this desperate work. There have been plenty of offers from frontiersmen, and the use of such men is now seriously entertained. The soldiers would have enough to do to keep up the investment of the Indian position, so as to keep them from taking refuge among the neighboring tribes, and probably inciting them to a participation in their mortal conflict with the whites. General Sherman and the Acting Secretary of War have had the matter under consideration to-day, and will fix upon a plan of operations better suited to the exigencies of this service. The much needed reinforcements will be hastened to the scene of war.

The dispatches received at headquarters announce the greatest consternation along the line of the outlying settlements in Oregon and a general stampede for places of safety. Dispatches have been sent to the President giving full particulars of the state of affairs in the Lava Beds.

Responsibilities of Railroads.

The Supreme Court will adjourn. It is understood that the Court will not announce its decision on the question of the right of railroads to enforce stipulations that they will not be responsible for injuries sustained by individuals. The cause of the late disaster on the Pennsylvania Railroad, in which a jury last a gold watch worth two hundred dollars. There is no one to the perpetrators.

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Great Uneasiness in Oregon.

Dispatches from Oregon, received at military headquarters, indicate great uneasiness among the Indians in that quarter, and it is confidently believed that a large body of warriors from various tribes will unite and take the warpath independent of tribal consent or co-operation.

Preparing for the Repeal of the Franking Privilege.

The abolition of the franking privilege after the first of next July is being anticipated by the Postoffice Department with every necessary preparation. There is no question of the abuse of the free mail facilities allowed to members of both Houses of Congress, and of both parties. Speeches not worth the paper they were printed on, reports, circulars, circulars, clap trap pamphlets, and every other conceivable rubbish, including worn out clothes and dirty linen, encumbered and littered the mails. Tons of campaign documents of both parties were sent through the mails under franks of members, forged by committee clerks, without the shadow of law. In this, therefore, the abolition is considered a practical reform. There is, however, considerable discussion as to the expediency of the withdrawal of this right from the heads of Executive Departments and Bureaus. This problem can only be solved by actual experience. Those in authority, however, think that it will be attended with economy. The large number of departmental publications were sent free through the mails. It is the intention of the heads of Departments, after July 1st, to require persons issuing documents to remit the amount of postage for transmission through the mails. Also there will be a saving on letters now sent free to the heads of Departments. It will be very likely to occasion some inconvenience to pensioners, who frequently are compelled to send large packages of papers to the Pension office. This, however, would be no reason to change the law, which promises reform in such a large number of other cases. There also exists an abuse of the franking privilege in the Department in the use of official envelopes by clerks for their private letters. There is no doubt but that from the head of the Department down, but little postage is paid. This will at least be a considerable item in economy. One effect of the law will be to swell the importance of the Postoffice Department on paper. The pamphlets will purchase their stamps separately. This will make a large showing for the revenues of the Postoffice in figures, though it will have no effect on the actual revenue, which will simply be a transfer of the amount from the appropriations to the Department stamp account.

Some idea may be gathered of the amount of official correspondence of the Department of the Interior alone by the fact that there were 1,000,000 letters transmitted through the mail and the stamp thereon cancelled, can, after their being returned to the sender in a sealed envelope with a remittance, be retransmitted to the person entitled to the address, with the word "paid" stamped or indorsed thereon, by placing the postage stamp card a one cent adhesive stamp. The Postmaster General decides that no discount can be allowed to purchasers or agents who desire to keep postal cards on hand for sale to the public.

DEPOSITORY CLOSED.

On account of irregularities in the United States Depository at Mobile, Secretary Richardson has declosed the same, and the officer, assistant and teachers of that point will be discharged by the Assistant Treasurer at New Orleans.

DUTY ON RUBBER BOOTS.

The Secretary of the Treasury decides that rubber boots, with felted lining composed in part of wool, are not subject to the duty on wearing apparel in pursuance of the act of March 2, 1867, but are subject to duty as rubber boots, which is thirty per cent. ad valorem under the act of 1864, with ten per cent. discount under act of June 6, 1872.

INTERNAL REVENUE MATTERS.

The total internal revenue receipts for the month ending to-day are $10,190,175. The total receipts for May, 1873, were $10,190,175. The total receipts from all sources for the first four months of 1872 were $41,042,936, and for the first four months of the present year, $41,233,090. There seems to no doubt that the estimated receipts for the present fiscal year, namely $110,000,000, will be fully realized. The receipts are increasing to over $10,000,000 per month for the remaining months of the fiscal year.

Certain information of a decrease in the daily receipt of estimates from Collectors of Internal Revenue for expenses of collecting the revenue under the new law, going into effect on the 20th of May. The receipts indications are that the saving anticipated under the new law will be fully realized, that is, not less than one million dollars per annum.

THE LABOR MOVEMENT.

John W. Browning, of New York city, has been appointed and commissioned Commissioner Officer for the State of New York by E. Rostevine, President of the National Labor Council at Washington, D. C. There is no hope appear an official authorized statement of the labor movement by Hon. John Pool, of North Carolina, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the United Workingmen of America.

Wonders of the Sea Depths.

The nether darkness, so far from being a lifeless waste, teems with living creatures which are not only more fantastic, but larger, than their shallow water cousins; and the paddler about rock-pools and tide-sands at watering places will learn from this book that far away at sea are found sea-monsters far bigger, as well as far uglier and far more beautiful than were ever transferred to any aquarium. To see the two largest, the Capreola, "the monster of shrimp," which may be found on sea-weed, sitting upright like a monkey, holding on by his hind claws, and, with gaudy appendages, simulating all the scenery with his fore-claws, sits in like guise upon garigen a mile or two deep in the nearness—although, however, not a quarter of an inch but three inches long; and the Nymphon—sea-spiders who crawl forth from the deep, and who having no body to speak of, carry their stomach, for economy of space, packed in the upper branches up the inside of each leg—are found in the depths of the Arctic Sea, not half an inch, but two feet in diameter.

If Ir is now definitely settled that the theatrical and amusement managers generally, together with the "stars" and leading members of the profession, are to assemble in New York, in July next, in convention, to take action in relation to obtaining special rates and better facilities on the principal railroads. It is proposed to form themselves into a co-operation society, elect officers and meet each July in New York city in furtherance of their interests. Such trunk lines of road as shall work in harmony with this organization will receive the patronage of its members, each one of whom will pledge his or her influence for such roads as shall extend to them the best possible rates for passage and traveling interests; and it is also in contemplation that the 40,000 bills now before the principal cities of America shall make favorable mention of such roads as extend to this organization the best rates and facilities.

WOMAN in England are carrying off the highest university honors. One student of a female college has just taken a Cambridge University mathematical examination, reached the rank of a "senior Optime." Two others have passed satisfactorily the examination for the same degree. Their names, and one of the two surnamed, in her knowledge of Scottish, all others unsurnamed. These ladies were educated in a women's college, but competed in University examination, and are allowed to do, in the University examination.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS

Sapollo

is a substitute for soap for all household purposes, except washing clothes.

Sapollo

for cleaning your house this spring will save the labor of one cleaner.

Sapollo

will not injure or discolor paints, but restores color and brightness. Try it.

Sapollo

brightens knives at sight—so they are washed, saving time and labor. Use it.

Sapollo

cleans bath tubs, tables, floors, &c., quicker and better than soap. Try it on.

Sapollo

polishes tin, brass, copper and all metal wares, rendering them as bright as new.

Sapollo

for washing dishes and glassware is invaluable. Cheaper than soap.

Sapollo

removes stains from marble mantels, tables and stationary, from hard-finished walls, and from china and porcelain. 10 cents.

Sapollo

removes stains and grease from carpets and other woven fabrics. Wholesale Depot 231 Liberty street.

The Great Patent.

The White River Flour, made by an entire new process, will probably make more and better bread than any flour in the country for the money. Every dealer should keep it. See T. C. Jenkins's advertisement.

Sunday Afternoon Lectures.

We understand that on Sunday afternoon next a course of lectures by prominent pastors and laymen of our city, will be inaugurated at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association. Rev. Dr. Holmes, of the North avenue Methodist Episcopal church, Allegheny, to be the first lecturer. The lectures will be of a popular nature, having reference principally, at present, to some of the prevailing forms of skepticism and unbelief, and will be interesting to all classes of people. Such lectures have proven very popular in one or two of the Eastern cities, and we have no doubt will be as successful here.

A New Psalm of Life.

"Tell me not in mournfull numbers"
That you will not eat Pearl Wheat,
For its wholesome and nutritious,
And for breakfast can't be beat.

"Life is real" health's important,
Waste it not on "bitter sweets,"
Do not forese a single moment,
Ask your grocer for Pearl Wheat.

THE GREAT PATENT

White River FLOUR.

EVERY DEALER SHOULD KEEP IT.

The best Flour for the money in the market.

Full Line Groceries and General Merchandise.

INDUCEMENTS OFFERED FOR CASH, and TO MEN THAT ARE PROMPT PAY.

☞ *Advertisements on this page, under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS a line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* FIFTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—BOOK KEEPER—A FIRST class Book Keeper is wanted. Address, stating age, experience, reference and salary expected. tf

WANTED—MORTGAGES—IN LARGE and small amounts, by R. C. REYS, Real Estate Broker office, 43 Fifth avenue, in First National Bank Building.

WANTED—RAILROAD IRON—TO Purchase, 1,000 feet second hand T Railroad Iron, to weigh from 40 to 56 per yard, at 106 Fourth avenue. A. H. BAUMAN.

WANTED—WAREHOUSEMAN—AN experienced Warehouseman. Must be able to read and write. Single man preferred. Apply at No. 150 and 152 Second avenue.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—2 MORTgages of $10,000 each, or one of $20,000, on first class city property. Apply to ISAAC M. PENNOCK, No. 59 Fourth avenue. tf

WANTED—SITUATION—AS TRAVELing Salesman by a young man of experience, by a Manufacturing House, Glassware preferred. Best reference. Address for one week, S. C. H., Commercial office.

WANTED—EVERYBODY TO KNOW that Pearl Wheat contains four times the amount of Nutritious Matter found in the finest of the and Dust be the amount of Muscle-supporting Elements. Ask your grocer for it.

WANTED—20 LABORERS IMMEDIately, out of city; also Farm and Garden Hands, Man for driving, Girls wanted for housework and cooking. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Smith street, first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh.

WANTED—STORAGE—A GOOD SIZED House, Dwelling and Out Buildings for Store and Household Articles. Locality convenient to the West Penn Freight Depot preferred. Apply to letter, stating terms and location, to Box 1, Commercial Office.

WANTED—TO COLLIERS—TEN BOSS Colliers and forty or fifty underhand Colliers wanted at the Mines of the Pittsburgh Coal Company, county, Missouri. The best wages will be paid. Apply in person or by letter to the Superintendent at said Works.

WANTED—SITUATION—BY A middle aged married Man in some Manufacturing or other business. Has a horse and wagon. Has capacity where he can make himself useful. Correspondence solicited. Address for one week, A. B., Commercial office. MTuh

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—10 COOPER Burners, at C. H. Armstrong's Duke Works, Twelfth ward. Steady work and good pay. Coopers can make $3 75 per day, year round. Inquire at office, Duke Works, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, or at 87 Grant street. Also at Armstrong & Mathews's, border Moorhead & Co.'s Glass Works, Allegheny. Apply on Monday or Saturday. Hours at work 7. C. H. ARMSTRONG & MATHEWS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—ON MORTGAGE—at $1,000 $2,000 $2,500 $3,000 $4,000 $5,000, $6,000, $10,000 and $16,000. Any of the above sums to loan for five years. Apply to E. C. KEYS, 43 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BUSINESS CHANCE.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—IN M'KEESPORT, with a good trade. Well put in stock. Apply to H. HILL & CO., McKeesport, or R. E. SELLERS & CO., 45 Wood street.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—STORE—NO. 102 SECOND avenue. Inquire of FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO. tf

FOR RENT—A THREE-STORIED Brick Dwelling, with Store Room, situated at No. 13 Wylie avenue. Inquire at C. H. SHRAB, No. 7 Wylie avenue. tf

FOR RENT—ROOM IN SECOND STORY of Monongahela Bank building; large, light and well adapted for Office purposes. Immediately. Inquire of GEO. G. McLEAN, Cashier. tf

FOR RENT—NO. 96 FOURTH AVENUE The United Savings Bank being about to remove to the corner of Second avenue and Smithfield street, will let their present Offices.

FOR RENT—IN ALLEGHENY CITY—Dwelling House, with 8 Rooms and large Side Yard, pleasantly situated on Bidwell street. Also, Dwelling House, with 7 Rooms, on Ohio street, Northside, corner of Grant avenue. Inquire at No. 66 Third avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR RENT—COUNTRY RESIDENCE—At Marion station, P., F. & W. R. R., a newly finished House, with 10 rooms, and all conveniences; 25 minutes from the city depot and three minutes' walk from the station. Apply to the undersigned on the premises, or at the office of ISAAC M. PENNOCK, No. 59 Fourth avenue. tf

FOR RENT—PATTERN WORKS—I will lease for a term of years the Venture Pattern Works, corner of Twentieth street and Mulberry alley. The building is 40 by 80 feet, with a shed 20 by 80 feet, two stories high, on a Lot 100 feet front by 140 feet deep. Apply to JAMES HILL & CO., Pittsburgh Locomotive Works, Planing Mill or Sash and Door Factory. For particulars call at the office of G. SNIVELY, No. 57 Grant street. TTha

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—LATHE—CHEAP, 1.20 swing, 6 feet bed. Also, nearly new. J. B. SHERRIFF & SON, 68 Water street.

FOR SALE—MULES, MULES—ONE Pair of heavy set Mules, about 14 hands high, G years old, sound and gentle to work. Can be seen at Red Lion stables.

FOR SALE—TRIP HAMMER—MEDium size, suitable for forging carriage axles, at Union Iron Mill, 11th and Twenty-ninth streets. WILSON, LEGGATE & CO.

FOR SALE—44 FEET ON WOOD street, one door from corner of Fourth, No. 56 and 58. Also, 4 Lots on Wood street, No. 54 and 56. ST

The Daily Commercial.

THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1873.

THE formal opening of the International Exposition at Vienna will take place to-day.

THE Republican State Central Committee meets at Harrisburg to-day, for the purpose of fixing the date for holding the State Convention, and the transaction of other business.

THE Pittsburgh *Post* affirms that the Chicago *Tribune* "never was anything but a Republican paper." During its advocacy of the election of the Cincinnati-Baltimore candidate, for example? And if so, was the *Post*, which wore the same collar, lapped out of the same dish, and barked on the same trail, a Republican journal, also? Which of the two was the hypocrite?

THE light-weight gold coin affected by the new coinage law is said to be pretty much all in the Treasury for recoinage, with the exception of probably about two million dollars, which is in the hands of farmers and others in Texas, who will suffer considerable loss by its abrasion when taxes and other government dues have to be met. Many of the holders of gold coin in Texas know nothing of the new provision, as yet.

ON AND after to-day, liquor and tobacco dealers and others subject to license or special tax under the Internal Revenue laws, will be required to pay the tax in advance, instead of waiting for assessment. The penalties are heavy for doing business without first making such payment. The tax receipt, to be procured at the office of the Collector, is to be placed conspicuously in the place of business of the tax-payer. The law imposes penalties for failing so to post the receipts or stamps. All whom the matter concerns will do well to comply with these provisions without delay.

THE Democratic journals continue their discussion of the ways and means for recovering the prestige and power of the party, but with as little unanimity of view as before. The *World*, in order to win strength from the Republican side, still proposes itself willing to throw overboard whatever remains of State rights, provided Republicans will rally on the platform of free trade. Other Democratic papers, however, continue to interpose a vigorous demurrer to all that, and declare that calling spirits from the vasty deep will be found mere pastime compared with any such experiment. Fight away, Messieurs. It is none of our funeral.

WE HAVE on several occasions referred to the large amount of scientific work every year done, and of the acquisitions to the sum of human knowledge made, under the direction of one or the other departments of the government. An important exploring expedition, under charge of Lieut. WHEELER, of the United States Engineer Corps, is about to take the field again, operating chiefly in New Mexico, Eastern Arizona and Utah, and Southern Colorado, supplementing the surveys of 1872, and completing several of the topographical rectangles of that officer's projected comprehensive atlas of the Western Territories. The field season will last until December. The region to be explored is peculiarly interesting in historic, geologic, archæologic and other points of view; and there is no doubt that results of great interest and value will be obtained.

THE Meadville *Republican* authoritatively announces that Mr. DELAMATER positively declines a re-election.

MR. DELAMATER, during his three years' service in the Senate, has earned a deservedly high reputation as an honest, upright, fearless and conscientious man. He represented his district faithfully, watched all general legislation carefully, and discharged every duty with integrity and fidelity. No man in the Senate stood higher than he in reputation for incorruptibility, and we part from him, in public life, with sincere regret. His successor will probably be GEO. K. ANDERSON, of Titusville, a young gentleman of much ability, well versed in public affairs, and who has in him all the elements of a good Senator, besides being a very clever man socially and in business affairs. No fears need be felt as to his election, and we are glad Mr. DELAMATER is to have so worthy a successor.

To-day the postal card system goes into operation. These new cards for transmission through the mails are to be five and one-eighth inches long, three inches wide, and to be sold by the Department at its offices at one cent each, or at the same rate in quantities. They will bear the uniform impression—"U. S. postage. One cent." One face of the card is for the message and the other for the address. It thus comprises envelop, paper and stamp, the whole, however, exposed. The saving on ordinary letters by mail is just two-thirds, and on drop letters one-half, and it is this consideration that the Department largely relies on for the success of the experiment. The business, however, may grow to such proportions that, taken in connection with the new parcel mail, entirely different accommodations may in time be required for the complicated services. The statistical and financial results of the experiment will be awaited with considerable interest.

IT IS generally understood that the Supreme Court of the United States will to-day deny the motion to direct the granting of an appeal by Judge DURELL, to that Court, in the Louisiana case. If our memory serves aright, the petition claimed that the decree of Judge DURELL, indicating the right between two rival Boards, and requiring a transfer of the election papers, returns and documents to one of them, was, in its operation on the parties and on the subject of litigation, such a decree as entitled the defendants to an appeal. In this connection it may be stated that Judge DURELL stands unusually well as a sound and capable jurist before the Supreme Court of the United States. During the past two years that Court has affirmed nine out of ten of his decisions, from which appeals were carried up. At the last term of Court nine appeals were brought up from Judge DURELL's decisions, of which the Supreme Court affirmed seven wholly, and the other two in part.

CONSIDERABLE effervescence of feeling appears to be manifesting itself in Canada over the question of the separation of the Dominion from the mother country. Neither would the annexation sentiment appear by any means to have died out. A correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, who recently traveled extensively in that country, mingling not only with city people but with backwoods settlers, states that wherever he went he found that the "young men" were warmly in favor of annexation to the United States. This season French Canadians are leaving the country districts of the Dominion and also the city of Quebec in greater crowds than ever before, for the purpose of finding homes across the border, and there is almost an equally constant and extensive exodus of young men born in Canada of British parents. It is the first step that costs, but it is not likely that the independence of the Dominion will be many years delayed, after which the assumption of her natural relations to this country will soon follow as a matter of course.

MENT they could have compelled the House to abandon it; whereas the fact is that the Senate did non-concur in the amendment by a decisive majority. A similar inaccuracy, to call it by its mildest name, marks his statement that he was the only member of the Conference Committee who voted to strike out the retroactive feature. This assertion is thoroughly disproved by Senator BAYARD's letter on the same subject—he being a member of the committee. The fact that General GARFIELD has since turned over the amount of his back pay to the United States Treasury, is a tacit admission of the impropriety of his course in voting for it, and it is a great pity that in trying to escape from a disagreeable position he should, by his disingenuousness, make a bad matter worse.

SOMETIMES the papers of Virginia are so sensible as to warrant the belief that they are at length awakening to a consciousness of the fact that this is the nineteenth century. Thus the Richmond *Enquirer*, commenting a few days ago on the need of factories and the advantages to be derived therefrom, truly and pertinently said:

"Wherever there are many manufactories there are few idle people, and there too, money is more plentiful, business is more brisk, and enterprise more active. There is no reason why we should not have them in Virginia as they have them in the North. In some localities we have water power unsurpassed in this country; and, where there is an absence of water power, steam may be as easily and as cheaply applied to the movement of machinery here as elsewhere. We have forests full of the finest timber; we have immense deposits of coal and iron; we have everything, or almost everything, at our doors that is necessary for manufactories as abundant and cheap as in those in the Northern States."

These are sound and practical views, and if honestly reduced to practice would soon attract the elements of which Virginia—of which all the Southern States—stand so greatly in need; namely, men, muscle, capital and enterprise. Unfortunately, however, in the very moment in which we are emboldened to hope that they have really caught the spirit of modern progress, our pleasant anticipations are incontinently dashed to the ground by such puerile utterances as these, which we find in another issue of the journal from which we have quoted:

"We want good men from the North to settle as citizens here that they may assist us in upholding the Conservative cause, which is so essential to the security of our State from the political curse which is so deadening and damning to those States South of us that have been engulfed in the black waters of Radicalism."

In other words, they are perfectly willing to take the money of Republican capitalists, but they will have nothing whatever to do with the men themselves. At the bottom there is still the same old false prejudice and morbid sentiment which prevailed before the war. How long—while this is the spirit in which the papers of the Old Dominion continue to regard Northern men and Northern ideas—does the *Enquirer* think it will be before the magnificent material resources which it sets forth so glowingly, are developed?

OF COURSE a paper which is capable of defending such an infamous atrocity as that of the massacre of the colored people in Grant parish, Louisiana, by the Democrats of that section, is also capable of downright falsehood. Hence it is not surprising that the "home organ" should virtually assert that the diabolical extract which we gave on Monday from the *Northeast Georgian*, a paper published at Athens, Georgia, with reference to the Mocdc massacre, was forged by ourselves and falsely credited to the source from which we took it. The extract is being reproduced in nearly all the Northern journals except those which, like the *Post*, are still infected with a virus kindred to the rebel rancor out of which the murder of the unoffending negroes grew. Here is what the Cincinnati *Commercial*—the late a political yoke-fellow of the *Post*—says regarding the passage in question:

"We would be glad to believe this a forgery, but we have seen articles from the Athens *Georgian* and other papers in that quarter that seemed to promise congratulations to murderers."

The lying shifts to which the *Post* is driven in order to excuse its moral cowardice and brutality are pitiable to behold.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

The custom houses throughout the country are to be furnished with new scales adapted to weighing each piece of coin received in the payment of duties, the weighing being made necessary under the new coinage law, deducting from the value of the coin the amount lost by abrasion.

Treasurer Spinner acknowledges the receipt of $71,751 71 on account of refunded Congressional pay, but cannot publish the individual amounts, because of those "Senators and members who have requested that no publicity be given to the matter."

Albany, one of the worst places in the North in its treatment of the colored race, is to have a trial under the new State law, securing equality of privilege in the use of hotels, theaters, etc. A man and his wife bring suit, having been recently excluded from the Opera House, after having bought tickets.

Asiaphas contributed cholera to the Vienna Exposition; America contributed a "commission." So far America's contribution has caused the greater and the more disagreeable sensation.

A greater irruption of "popular" lecturers next season than ever before, is alarmingly whispered. That is, they intend to offer themselves cheap to *all* who want to hear them. Among the unwelcome will be a dozen or more Pearls of the Platform, Rosebuds of the Rostrum, Lilies of the Lyceum, and Cherubs of the Chignon, of whom we have already had too many and too much.

Now the bright morning star day's harbinger,
Comes dancing from the east, and leads with her
The flowery May, who from her green lap throws
The yellow cowslip and the pale primrose.
Hail, bountenous May! that dost inspire
Mirth and youth and warm desire;
Woods and groves are of thy dressing,
Hill and dale doth boast thy blessing.
Thus we salute thee with our song,
And welcome thee and wish the long.

An Iowa boy of nine summers has just passed an examination which entitles him to a certificate as teacher of the second grade; and we shall probably next hear that he has gone to be an angel.

The *Graphic* speaks of Boston and its vicinity as "the Hub and the sub-Hubs."

A number of capitalists in New Jersey and New York have nearly consummated a project for the construction of a ship canal, running under the Palisades at the rear of Weehawken and Hoboken.

Southern journals are mourning over the fact that dueling has "gone out" and that a Southern gentleman when he is called a liar now, has no redress beyond the vulgar one of putting his foot where it will do the most good.

Our English Presbyterian brethren, if report says true, are about sinking into a worse than prelacy, nothing less, indeed, than insular popery. Flinging the memories and prejudices of the past behind their backs they are to be united under one temporal head.

The State election in Iowa, for Governor, Legislature, &c., takes place in October. Parties are already beginning to shape themselves in regard to candidates, and various devices are resorted to by old electioneerers to capture the farmers' vote, which, through the recent independent organizations, has become a great political power in the State.

Joliet, Illinois, boasts of an iron and steel establishment that has cost $2,500,000, runs twenty-six steam engines and makes four thousand tons of iron and steel a week.

The British life boat service seems to be one of the most successful instrumentalities for saving human life now in existence. Its report for the past year shows that two hundred and thirty-three boats are now employed on the entire coast of the United Kingdom, through whose exertions the lives of five hundred and sixty-nine persons have been saved.

The coming season promises to show a greater amount of traveling for pleasure than any preceding one. All the ocean steamers are said to be filled up to July, but the greatest increase of travel will doubtless be within the country itself, and especially to the regions beyond the Mississippi.

A citizen of South Carolina has established a school for gratuitously educating the destitute orphans of Confederate soldiers. An agricultural and mechanical department is to be conflicted with the school, and the feminine pupils are to be taught needlework.

The "Party of the Future" is still in the egg. A few foul but foolish birds like the New York *Tribune* take turns sitting on that egg patiently "waiting for new chrystallizations upon issues which will soon more definitely appear." Perhaps! But it is possible that they are only sitting on a door knob after all.

A Wisconsin wife went for her billiard-playing husband the other night, called all the boys up to the bar and they "shook" for the drinks. She took whisky straight, and he hasn't troubled her any since.

The Western farmers' movement has developed new complications. The Iowa Presbytery of the United Presbyterian Church has suspended several of its communicants for joining secret societies called the Granges, or Patrons of Husbandry.

Notwithstanding all the exertions of the authorities to discourage and check it, the emigration from the provinces of East and West Prussia, Posen and Pomerania shows no signs of abating; and the great landed proprietors are becoming uneasy in their minds. They have imported large numbers of Russian and Swedish laborers, but the supply still lags a good way behind the demand.

A precipitate Detroiter is miserable at discovering that his wife inherited a million just after he had procured a divorce from her.

More Oriental progress. The Japanese government is about to establish an engineering college in the city of Yeddo. Attached to the college there is to be a technical workshop and a technological museum.

The latest attempt to solve the great canal problem—that is, the application of steam as a motive power—is to use the bottom of the canal as a road on which a traction tug shall ply. The propelling wheel has traction teeth which project as their portion of the circumference touches the bottom, and draw it again as the wheel passes round.

STATE POLITICS.

The Philadelphia *Sunday Republic* of the 27th says: "Governor Hartranft will appoint a new Adjutant General within a few weeks," and then urges Col. James W. Latta, commanding officer of the First Regiment, P. V.

A Huntingdon paper states that F. R. Lane, K. A. Lovell, Dr. Orlady and H. S. P. Wharton are spoken of as candidates for the Republican nominations for Senate, adding those mentioned as aspirants for Assembly honors are W. K. Burchinell, H. C. Marshal, P. F. Dewees and Dr. G. W. Hagett.

All the Republican members of the Legislature from Beaver county are candidates for renomination. Retaining good men seems to be the order of the day.

The Johnstown *Tribune* states that Hon. Samuel Henry was "never more earnest in anything in his life than in his canvass for the State Treasurership, and he is the most earnest man in anything he undertakes to be found within the state."

PERSONAL.

Fred Grant, who is spending a few days in Washington, entertained a small circle of friends a few evenings since with an interesting account of his travels in Europe, particularly regarding social life among the distinguished families he was presented to. He contrasted the formalities of the Continental customs with the republican manners of this country. His discriptive powers are said to be very good. The narrative was listened to with much interest.

Ralph Waldo Emerson still continues to be the lion of London. Noblemen are clamorous to have him sit at their tables, and the Lord Mayor of London offers him a banquet he has had to decline. The Dean of Westminster recently entertained him at dinner. Mr. Emerson will visit Oxford, where he will be the guest of Professor Max Muller; he will perhaps visit South Wales, York and Edinburgh; and will sail for America on May 15th in company with Mr. Charles Norton, of Cambridge, and his sisters. Mr. Emerson and his daughter voyaged up the Nile as far as Philæ.

The life of Chief Justice Chase is being written under his personal supervision. In view of his failing health his Ohio friends thought the work should be commenced now, in order that, with the personal information derived from the living subject of the biography, nothing may be wanting to make it a correct and complete history of his life. Take him all in all, we never shall look upon another who wanted to be President half so badly.

Sincere pastoral admirers of Horace Greeley, who have heard of a statue to his memory, not infrequently mistake Benjamin Franklin in front of the *Tribune* for the later Franklin—totally dissimilar as the two eminent men were in appearance.

Mrs. Rilla G. Hay, the wife of a clergyman, has opened a physician's office in Des Moines, Iowa, and is rearing a daughter to the study of the law. That is something like the three so-called learned professions in one family. The lady evidently intends to make hay while the sun shines.

There are Americans sanguine enough to think that the equestrian statue of Gen. Lyon on its way from Rome to St. Louis, will be a real addition to the art treasures of the country. It will be, it is said, the sixth equestrian work in the United States, and the horse is an abandonment of the ancient Flemish type, for which a graceful thoroughbred is substituted.

A Western paper calls Mark Twain a "sage," from his intimacy, probably, when an infant in fame, with the Rocky mountain sage brush.

The dinner to Secretary Belknap, given at "the Springs," near San Antonio, Texas, a fortnight ago, must have been a rather informal entertainment. One writer mentions, as a sample of how the tables were stripped, the seizure of a negro who "was caught walking off with a barrel upon his head, which contained one roasted pig, two turkeys, three chickens, cake and other delicacies," and the local papers say that, though there was enough provision for four thousand people, the table was cleared in ten minutes."

STATE NEWS.

The Philadelphia almshouse had 3,264 inmates on Monday.

The Driving Park Association of Erie have leased the State Fair grounds for a term of five years, and will hold the opening races on the 16th, 17th, and 18th of July. They offer $15,000 premiums, and have the promise of some of the fastest horses in the country.

Two Philadelphians, weighing respectively 235 and 304 pounds, had a walking match, the other day, for $500 and a basket of champagne.

A shoe manufactory is to be started at Downington, Chester county.

Doctors' prescriptions for whisky are printed for $1 per thousand at the office of the Coatsville *Union*. They have local option there.

The Commissioners of Fairmount Park have granted space for, and the Philadelphia City Councils have approved the plans of Zoological Gardens in the park. The location skirts the Schuylkill one-third of a mile, opposite the Thirty-fifth street approach on one side and the principal entrance to the park on the other, on the route to the Centennial Exhibition, and having a siding from the Pennsylvania Railroad enter it. "Solitude" is within the inclosure and the old West Philadelphia water works will enable any amount of irrigation. The whole area covers five acres.

Albert Zitzer, the Carlisle boy who killed his father, a few months ago, was found guilty of murder in the second degree, the jury recommending mercy. Judge Junkin passed sentence on the criminal, on Friday, giving him thirty days in jail. Human life must be held very cheaply over there.

Domestic infelicity caused a Harrisburg woman to take laudanum in order to end her troubles. Plentiful doses of an emetic baked her dough, and she still lives.

The New Bloomfield *Times* says: Last May, a young man named Jonathan Harrison, left here for Pudsey, near Leeds, England. His mother writes that he has not reached home, and that she has heard nothing from him since that time. Any person knowing his whereabouts will confer a favor by so doing. Information to the same effect, or to Mrs. Morrison, Pudsey, near Leeds, England.

The Great Council of Red Men meets at Titusville, May 6th, and the indications are that a very large number of representatives of the different lodges will be present. W. U. Plummer, Esq., of the *Courier*, is to deliver the opening address.

There are three men in the Mifflin jail for contempt of court.

Hon. A. G. Curtin is about to locate permanently at his old home, Bellefonte.

The indications are that from fifty to one hundred buildings will be erected in and around Lewistown and across the riverbank this year.

The Altoona rolling mill is in operation. It is said to be one of the best in the State.

The Huntingdon *Journal* says: Alexander McElwaine, son of Jesse McElwaine, of Oneida township, while working in a steam saw mill in Wisconsin, a short time since, was terribly mangled by being caught in a shaft belonging to some machinery, which performed a number of revolutions, carrying him with it, before it could be stopped. His right arm was torn off at the shoulder, and his left arm and wrist broken, his right leg was broken in two places, and his left ankle, three ribs were broken, and besides some severe injuries about the head, and yet, strange to say, he was living and hopes of getting well were entertained, at latest dates.

We learn from the Mifflinburg *Telegraph* that on Saturday a week an accident befel Irwin Albright, of Laurelton, which resulted in his death. He was engaged in hauling timber, using a colt for the purpose. While leading the animal it took fright and became unmanageable. In his efforts to restrain the colt, Mr. A. fell, when the animal jumped upon him, causing injuries which proved fatal at one o'clock P. M. the day following. Mr. A. was about Twenty-one years old.

The Lewistown *Gazette* states that the old Glamorgan furnace, which blew out several weeks ago, is again heartily ready for the blast.

The Sharpsville *Advertiser* says that for the past week a corps of engineers have been at work locating a railroad on the tow-path of the canal from Sharpsville to Middlesex, a distance of nine and a half miles. The road, it is said, will be a good one, the grade being easy and the road already made—nothing further being necessary than putting down the ties and spiking the rails, and the road is made.

The pews in the Lutheran church, in Middletown, have been declared free. The minister's salary, and the necessary expenses of the church will be raised by the envelope system. Payments will be made monthly.

The Kemble furnaces, at Riddlesburg, are turning out three hundred and ten tons of pig metal per week.

A little babe of Charles Connor, of Lancaster, fell into the cellar of his dwelling house, which contained about two feet of water, and was drowned. This occurred while the child's mother was at a neighbor's house, where the death of a little girl had just taken place.

The Norristown *Herald* of Saturday says: Jonathan Wonsetler, of this county, and lately a resident of Skippack, was found hanging lifeless in the woods of Joseph Reiff, yesterday, not far from the residence of the former. Mr. W. was formerly in the lumber business in this county, and later established in the brewery business at Doylestown, which, however, did not prove successful. It is supposed that financial embarrassments led Mr. W. to terminate his life in this deplorable manner. He leaves a family, and was a man well known and respected in the community.

The Danville *Intelligencer* of the 17th publishes the following: The latest sensation in Danville is the finding of two buried boxes, which, from their appearance and contents, would seem to have been the property of either a forger or a thief. Last Sunday morning they were discovered by a gentleman named Wm. H. Harrison, buried to the depth of at least six feet beneath the wagon road, eight feet from the perpendicular side of the summer's river bank, and about two and one-half rods below the creek's mouth bridge. The recent freshet had washed away the bank for about eight or nine feet, and Mr. Harrison standing near the point, noticed one of the boxes projecting about three inches from beneath the earth. It being of bright tin and the action of the water having cleaned away the dirt, it was sufficiently apparent to attract the eye. Excavating, he discovered a tin box of the dimensions of sixteen by twenty inches, and resembling those carried by railroad paymasters. It had a handle at the top and was fastened by three locks; one at the side and one at each of the ends. It contained the following: Four yards of narrow blue ribbon, indelibly inked; a hand stamp; about 2,500 blank checks on different National banks; a canvass specie bag; a small box of copper faced type; and two brass checks with the inscription "York and Meadville" stamped upon them. The number of both the checks was 2699. He also discovered a smaller box of japanned tin immediately in the rear of the large one, which contained blank tickets of the Passengers, Accident Assurance Association of Hartford, Conn., of the issue of 1868. Both boxes had been forced open. The most singular part of the affair is why they should have gone to so much trouble to secrete it where they did. If there has been a great wrong committed in connection with the se boxes we hope it will be found out and the perpetrators punished.

W. W. McMaines was thrown from his wagon a few days since, in Monongahela City, and trampled upon by his horse. His injuries, fortunately, were not of a serious character.

The Presbyterian church at Dawson, Westmoreland county, will be dedicated on Sunday next. The Rev. George P. Hays, of Washington and Jefferson College will officiate.

The Washington *Reporter* says: Great diversity of opinion exists among farmers and others as to the fruit prospects of this region. There are constitutional grumblers who always predict the failure of everything. They look only on the gloomy side of the picture. It is generally agreed, however, that no damage has yet been done to the apple trees. They are only injured when in blossom. In some localities, we believe, some injury has been done by the excessive cold to the peach trees, but in other places they have not been hurt. The curculio still continues its depredations, and one farmer with whom we have conversed suggests that the only remedy against this pest, when one found, is to cut down the tree attacked and burn it. By this means the larvæ will be destroyed. On the farm of Mr. Daniel Wards, near Bethlehem, a few peach and early cherry trees are in blossom.

There have been only four executions for murder in Luzerne county, during the last quarter of a century. This number would have been multiplied many times, had justice been done. Luzerne furnished as many murder cases as any county in the State.

Mr. Philip Jobson, of Lock Haven, who had his foot crushed by a piece of falling timber at the match factory on the 11th of April, and who had submitted to two amputations within two weeks, died on Monday.

The Erie Passenger Railway is advertised for sale by the Sheriff.

A small boy in Williamsport recently smashed a school globe. He said he wanted to see how the world looked inside.

Bogus tree agents are on the wing in some of the counties in the eastern part of the State. Farmers will do well to look out for them.

An elocutionist, who was announced to give an entertainment at the Opera House, New Castle, on a recent evening, concluded not to do so, after taking a survey of his audience, which consisted of one mosquito, one ex-bill poster, and an editor—all dead heads.

Efforts are being made in Meadville to form a library for the use of prisoners in the county jail.

An eighteen-year old parrot died in Lancaster on Tuesday.

Thirty bigamists will leave Hyde Park, for Mormondom, in a few days.

Mr. G. W. Risinger, of Indiana county, has suddenly disappeared with $2,000. As the money belonged to himself, foul play is suspected. He was last seen at Bloomsburg.

A FOOLHARDY UNDERTAKING.

A Bet That May Cost Two Philadelphians Their Lives—Descending Perilous Falls and Rapids in a Canoe.

BUSHKILL, PA., April 24.—Bushkill creek is one of the most rapid streams in this State. It empties into the Delaware river at this place. Between its mouth and Beaver creek, a tributary, there are several high falls. Otts' Barrens falls are seventy feet high, Resaca falls seventy, Coolbaugh's falls over fifty; other falls are from twenty to thirty feet high. The water falls over almost perpendicular rocks.

In some places the water in Bushkill rushes between high walls of perpendicular rocks, twenty feet high, at a rate of a mile a minute. The distance from Beaver creek to the Delaware is almost thirty miles, through a wild and almost primitive wilderness.

A wager has been made by Mr. W. Joyce and Mr. Silas Gill, of Philadelphia, who make occasional fishing and hunting excursions to Pike county, that they will go from the mouth of Beaver creek to the Delaware river in an ordinary canoe. The bet is $1,000, which has been taken by parties in Philadelphia. The trip is to be attempted some time in June. A large sum of money has been staked on the result.

This perilous and foolhardy enterprise is not without a precedent. In June, 1860, Josiah Bush, of Northampton county, and John M. Troch, of Monroe county, one an old and experienced hunter and the other a returned Californian, made the trip in the manner the Philadelphia men propose. Messrs. Bush and Troch descended the stream in their canoe, but were gone so long that it began to be feared they had been dashed to pieces. A searching party was about to be organized to look for their bodies, when they made their appearance in safety. They said that nothing would induce them to repeat the hazardous experiment.

OHIO NEWS.

The receipts of wheat at Toledo during the past week have been more than double those of a corresponding period of '72.

The first court of Columbiana county was held at the house of Thomas Lower, in Fairfield township, on the 26th of July, 1802, before his Honor Calvin Pease, President, and Robert Simeson, Henry Bachman and William Smith, Esquires, Associate Judges.

The number of church organizations in Ohio is 6,486, and church edifices 6,282. The Presbyterians have about 560 congregations, the Congregationalists 160, the Episcopal Methodists 1,900, other Methodist 250, Baptists 500.

The long strike in the Tuscarawas valley is over, and the miners recommenced work with the opening of the present week. Each miner makes the best bargain he can for himself, the general rate being ninety-five cents. They were getting one dollar, and struck for an advance of ten cents. They lose five cents instead of gaining ten, and have wasted months in idleness. The strike ended from sheer exhaustion on both sides, neither side having carried all its ends, and the relations between employer and employed remaining unsatisfactory.

Virus in the Air.

We know that a peculiar poison is evolved from marshy ground and from the decomposing filth of cities, by the sunshine of spring, and that this element which is too subtle to be detected by scientific analysis, produces epidemic and endemic fevers, aggravates dyspepsia and all billious disorders, disturbs the bowels, relaxes the nerves, and debilitates the general system. Luckily an antidote to this atmospheric virus, and a specific for the diseases it generates, has been provided. For a period of more than twenty years Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine in which the finest vegetable tonics and alteratives are combined with a perfectly pure stimulant, has taken precedence of every other preparation, as a specific for the ailments most prevalent at this season of the year. It is agreeable as well as effectual, and eminently safe and wholesome.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
ASSETS JANUARY 1, 1873. $778,251 56.
Chartered in 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid on deposits on First Day of January and July.

The 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually in January and July. Rooms of Dividends, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
JOHN SCOTT, JAS. PARK, Jr., Vice Presidents.
D. E. M. SINCLAIR, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, J. S. Hall, Wm. K. Nimick, Jesse R. Dilworth, P. Ralne, G. Fullerton, Jas. Chalfant, Jr., R. H. Hartman, Robert O. Sennett, Christopher Zug, John H. Ballier, Solicitor.

NUTRINA!!!

1. It Cooks in less time than crushed wheat.
2. It is more quickly digested.
3. It is not pasty or starchy.
4. It will not become stale or wormy.
5. It is far more nutritious and palatable.
6. It will cure Constipation and Dyspepsia!
7. It is invaluable to Nursing Mothers!
8. Children will be healthy who use it.

GET IT OF YOUR GROCER.

PAPOMA!!!

Indorsed by many eminent physicians of Pittsburgh and elsewhere. Food for INFANTS and INVALIDS. Remember that Siarla is not food. It must be converted into Dextrine either in the stomach or by mechanical means. Our process saves the stomach this labor, as well as preserves the whole of the wheat.

Get it of Your Grocer or Druggist.

Nutrio Manufacturing Co.,
1520 SOUTH NINTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

CANDIDATES.

FOR ASSEMBLY—
B. C. CHRISTY,
Of Sewickley borough, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d*

FOR STATE SENATE—
CHARLES JEREMY,
Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. d*

FOR CORONER—
ALEX. M. McCANDLESS, M.D.,
Pittsburgh, subject to approval of the forthcoming Republican County Convention. d*

FOR ASSEMBLY—
A. B. YOUNG,
Of Robinson township, subject to decision of Republican County Convention. d*

FOR CORONER—
WM. M'CALLIN,
Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. d*

STATE SENATE—
GEO. H. ANDERSON
Will be a Candidate for Re-nomination, subject to approval of the Republican County Convention. d*

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
JOHN A. SCOTT
Will be a candidate for re-nomination to the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. d*

FOR ASSEMBLY—
WILLIAM COATES,
Millvale borough, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
WM. H. CLARK,
Of North Fayette township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention No. 5.

FOR PROTHONOTARY—
M. G. COREY,
Of Braddock's Borough, late Captain Company G, 83d Penna. vols. Volunteers. Subject to the decision of Republican Nominating Convention No. 3.

FOR PROTHONOTARY—
B. F. KENNEDY,
Of Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

FOR PROTHONOTARY—
WILLIAM SWISSHELM,
Of Wilkins township, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention, No. 3.

FOR PROTHONOTARY—
JOSEPH ROSS
Will be a Candidate for Re-nomination to the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention, No. 3.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER
RICHARD THOMPSON,
Subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention No. 5.

Lace Curtains,
DRAPERIES,
CORNICES,
Turkish Folding Spring Beds
AND MATTRESSES OF ALL KINDS,
AT
E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,
55 MARKET STREET.
NOTICE.

The following CERTIFICATES OF STOCK, belonging to the estate of the late BERNARD BURNS, deceased, having been Stolen, I hereby warn all persons from purchasing the same, viz.:

Certificate of Stock issued by the Exchange Bank of Pittsburgh, dated June 12, 1838, No. 175, for 25 Shares, to Bernard Burns.

Certificate No. 98, dated October 17, 1835, for Ten Shares of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Pittsburgh, issued to Bernard Burns.

BERNARD RAFFERTY,
Administrator.
7th

DRY GOODS.

Tuesday, April 8,
GRAND OPENING
OF
New Spring Goods,
AT
ERWIN'S.

Some Special Bargains!

AT 20 CENTS,
ONE CASE CRAMMED STRIPES,
In Blue and White, Green and White, and Black and White, worth 25 cents.

AT 20 CENTS,
One Case Japanese Silk Style Poplins,
Worth 25 cents by the case.

AT 40 CENTS,
One Case New Shades of Mignonette Coloring.
6-4 BALERMO CLOTH,
Very Good Quality, worth 50 cents.

AT 50 CENTS,
One Case New Shades and Colorings,
6-4 PURE MOHAIRS,
Beautiful Goods, worth 65 cents.

AT 31 CENTS,
ONE CASE BROCADE JAP SILKS,
In all the New Mignonette Colorings, regular price, 50c.

AT 37 CENTS,
One Case Gray and Brown Mixed
PURE MOHAIR GLACE POPLINS,
Elegant Goods for Traveling Suits, worth 69 cents.

AT $1 00,
An Elegant Assortment of
GRAY AND BLACK STRIPED SILKS,
Good Quality, usually sold at $1 37½.

BLACK GROS GRAIN SILKS,
At $1 00, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 and $2 00,
extra good value for the money.

New Goods Opening Every Day.

A. W. Erwin & Co.,
172 and 174
FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.

BULLETIN FOR THIS WEEK

WE ARE NOW READY WITH OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF
SPRING GOODS,
GIMPS, LACES, FLOUNCING, FURNISHING GOODS.

In every department we are offering SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS IN NEW AND CHOICE GOODS.

LACE DEPARTMENT.
VAL. LACES, THREAD LACES,
POINT LACES,
POINT APPLIQUE LACES,
GUIPURE LACES.

BAMBURG DEPARTMENT—
HAMBURG FLOUNCING,
HAMBURG EDGING,
HAMBURG INSERTING.

TRIMMING DEPARTMENT—
SILK GIMPS, SILK FRINGES,
CROCHET GIMPS.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT—
BALBRIGAN,
ENGLISH, FRENCH and
AMERICAN MAKES.

COMB DEPARTMENT, New Style—
SHELL, RUBBER, HORN,
SILVER, GOLD and
JET DRESS.

SCARF AND TIGHE DEPARTMENT—
EVERYTHING IN THIS LINE,
ALL THE NEW and CHOICE GOODS.

RUFFLING AND PUFFING—
STANDARD TRIMMING,
KID GLOVES,
LISLE AND KID GLOVES,
AT

Morganstern & Co's
78 and 80 Market Street.
7th

Spring Styles
In Silk, Cassimere, Fur and Wool
HATS,
SILK AND CLOTH
CAPS.
LATEST NOVELTIES
IN MARKET, AT
PALMER'S
HAT HOUSE,
151 WOOD ST.
Pittsburgh Trunk Manufactory.

W. J. Gilmore, Agt.
REMOVED
TO
No. 38 FIFTH AVENUE,
FOUR DOORS FROM WOOD.
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
Trunks, Valises,
Traveling Bags,
Ladies' Satchels, &c.

We have constantly on hand a Large Assortment of these Goods, of First-class Material, and at the MOST REASONABLE PRICES.
All orders promptly attended to

REMOVAL!
LIEBLER'S
PREMIUM TRUNK FACTORY
HAS BEEN REMOVED TO
113 Wood Street,
Directly Opposite the Old Stand.

The Largest and Finest Assortment of NEW GOODS in the city, at the LOWEST PRICES.

Goods slightly damaged by the late fire selling Twenty-five Per Cent. Below Cost.

PEARL WHEAT
IS WITHOUT DOUBT THE MOST
Delicious, Wholesome and Nourishing

Preparation of nature's great food ever produced. Essentially soothing but the woody fibre and a portion of the water are removed by the process, leaving all the nitrogen and the great Mineral part of the substances (phosphates), all that is nourishing in the wheat. The removal of the woody fibre makes it far more palatable than the various preparations of wheat now in the market. No other article of food contains such proper proportions of the requirements of the whole human system. To those suffering from INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, and to persons of sedentary habit, it will prove invaluable. As a BREAKFAST DISH it is unequaled. Our best physicians here say it is of more importance than anything else that can be found. Try it once and you will never be without it. Ask your Grocer or Druggist for a Package. Manufactured only by the

Pearl Wheat Manufacturing Co.,
185 to 195 FIRST AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MERCHANT TAILOR.
B. TIEGEL,
No. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES for Spring and Summer Wear, AT LOWEST PRICES.

"OLD RELIABLE"
Franklin Fire Ins. Co.. of Philadelphia,
ORGANIZED 1829.
CASH ASSETS—$3,500,000.
COFFIN, KELLOG & CO., Agents,
Corner Third avenue and Wood streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
7ths

FOR SALE—
ONE BUCK WAGON (new).
OSCAR F. LAMM,
155 Liberty street.

DRY GOODS.

AT
McKEE'S
(OLD BARKER ESTABLISHMENT),
THERE IS A FINE
NEW STOCK
OF
Parasols, Gloves, Hosiery,
Alpacas, Poplins, Delanes,
Fig'd Grenadines, Striped Hernanis,
Gents' Shirts, Shirt Fronts, Linens,
Striped and Plain Silks.

CLOTHS for MEN'S & BOYS' WEAR.
LINEN SUITS.
Bishop Lawn Suits.
Shawls, Talmas, Japanese Silks, Chintzes,
LACE SACQUES,
In Black and White from $10 to $150.
Prints, Muslin, Table Linen, &c.,
ALL AT
Lowest Prices.
☞Best

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

GEO. B. HILL.....C. HANSON LOVE...JAS. N. HILL

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER

58 Fourth Avenue,

FOR SALE

City of Pittsburgh

Water Loan Bonds

SEVEN PER CENT.

We Buy and Sell on Commission all kinds of

Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Negotiable Paper, &c.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat, from or to London, Liverpool, Queenstown or Glasgow, at lowest rates.

Drafts payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.

Luther S. Kauffman

Stock and Note Broker,

116 SMITHFIELD STREET

ORDERS SOLICITED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF

STOCKS, BONDS AND MORTGAGES.

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania,

NO. 64 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,

$1,000,000.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

President.....DAVID GREGG

Directors.

HENRY H. COLLINS, BENJ. SINGERLY,
JAMES T. BRADY, Hon. ROBT. McKNIGHT.
B. L. FAHNESTOCK, HAMILTON HOWARD,
DANIEL HUWER, L. J. BLANCHARD,
C. S. FETTERMAN, DAVID GREGG.
PHILIP BENTEL,

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Deposits Solicited and Interest Allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., Collected Without Charge.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,

2725

FOR SALE,

CITY OF PITTSBURGH

7 PER CENT.

Water Loan and Penn Avenue

BONDS,

AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.,

BANKERS,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, April 30, 1873.

There seems to be rather an easier feeling in the money market, although it is difficult to discover on what it is based. The banks, generally, are still short of loanable funds, and the supply of good paper offering at the old rates seems to be undiminished. There is perhaps a little more doing in paper, but rates are still practically unchanged, the best outside paper bringing 12 per cent. per annum. The banks as usual accommodate their customers at 8 to 10 per cent., and their ability and willingness to do this, has been an important element in steadying business and making even a close market tolerable. The sound basis upon which business is generally conducted, is shown from the fact that there have been few failures of consequence during the spring.

New York funds are in demand, and some of the banks have found it necessary to ship currency to the East.

—An important decision involving the responsibilities of telegraph companies was a few days since filed by Judge May, of Milwaukee. The case briefly stated is this:

"The plaintiff, Mr. Hibbard, who lives in Saginaw, Mich., sent an order to Mr. William B. Hibbard of this city, by a night dispatch over the wires of the Western Union Telegraph Company, to purchase for him 20,000 bushels of wheat of a certain grade, etc. The telegram, though received here, was not delivered. Two days later Mr. William B. Hibbard was advised by mail from the plaintiff that the telegram had been sent and of its contents. During this time the price of wheat had changed, so that the plaintiff, if the wheat had been bought the day the telegram ought to have been delivered, and sold the next day, would have realized $1,400. The plaintiff consequently commenced suit against the company for the amount of nominal loss. The defense put in was that the contract on the back of the blanks, on which night messages are written, relieves the company of any liability of delay, etc., and among other points that the damages asked were 'remote, speculative and contingent.' The other points in the defense, save the last, the Court held to be of no force. In regard to this point, however, the Court held that it had no right to predicate a judgment for damages on the result of what might have happened but never did take place. The Court said:

"I cannot say from the testimony and the law, that the defendant is liable for what the plaintiffs might have made, if a transaction had actually taken place, because it cannot be considered as proven that if he had bought on the 7th he would have sold on the 8th at a profit, and because even if it had been, or could be proved, such remote and consequential damages, possible gains and contingent profits are not allowed."

The judgment was for the defendant and the suit dismissed."

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cook & Co., their correspondents:

	Noon.	Eve.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	119¾	120
U. S. Bonds of 1862	118¾	119
U. S. Bonds of 1864	118¾	118¾
U. S. Bonds of 5-20s		117¾
U. S. Bonds of 1865, new		117¼
U. S. Bonds of 1867	119¾	119¾
U. S. Bonds of 1868	118	118
10-40s	113	
New 5s	116	116
Gold	117	117¼
Currency 6s	114¾	114¾

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quoted United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	117
United States 6s of 1881	120¾
United States 5-20s of 1862	118¾
United States 5-20s of 1864	118¾
United States 5-20s of 1865	120¾
United States 10-40s	113¾
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	117¾
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	119¾
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	118¾
Currency Pacifics	114¾

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, &c., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day, furnished by George I. Whitney, Esq., broker and dealer in stocks, bonds and gold, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street:

April 30, 1873.	10 30 11 30 A.M.	12 30 P.M.	1 30 P.M.	2 30 P.M.	3 00
Gold	117½	117¾	117¾	117¾	117¾
Canton	84½	84½	84½	85	85⅛
Western Union Tel.	86⅛	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜	86⅜
Quicksilver	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝	37⅝
Pacific Mail	67	67	67	67⅛	67⅛
Adams Express	94½	94½	95	95	95
Wells Fargo Express	84½	85	85	85	85
American Express	67	67	67	67	67
United States Express	51½	51½	51½	51½	51½
New York Central	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
Erie	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
Michigan Central	104½	104½	104½	105	105
Michigan Southern	91⅞	92	92	92	92
Illinois Central	115				
Cleveland and Pitts	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾	88¾
Chicago and N. W.	80	80	80	80	80
Chicago and N. W. pref.					
Rock Island	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛		103⅛
St. Paul	35¾	35¾	35¾		35¾
St. Paul pref.	73½	73½	73½		73½
Wabash	69¼	69¼	69¼		69¼
Wabash pref.					
Fort Wayne	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝		93⅝
Ohio and Mississippi	43¾	43¾	43¾		43¾
Union Pacific	34	34	34		34
Chicago and Alton	109			110¾	
Chicago and Alton pref.					
Boston, Hart. and Erie					
Harlem	124			124½	
New Jersey Central					
C. C. and I. C.					
Hannibal and St. Jo.					
Iron Mountain					
Atlantic Mail					

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Negotiable Paper, &c.

Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat, from or to London, Liverpool, Queenstown or Glasgow, at lowest rates.

Drafts payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY, May 1, 1873.

REMARKS.—The firmness we have heard fore noticed continues with a further advance in prices, in raw and also the manufactured article. The fact is the market throughout the entire oil regions was considerably excited. At Parker's the market opened with sales at $2 75, and closed with sales at $2 85 ₱ bbl, an advance of 10c ₱ bbl. This rise is producers jubilant. For prices in other parts of the oil regions see dispatches.

REFINED.

Market firm with buyers more anxious to purchase. We can report sales of 200 bbls first half of May at 16¾c. The Eastern market continues firm and excited.

CRUDE.

Holders firm; city $2 05@2 10; country $1 95.

[By Western Union Line.]

TITUSVILLE, April 30.—The Herald says: The market was quiet at all points, and a shade weaker on upper ? on at $2 00. At the City $2 75 was bid and $2 80 asked. At Petrolia very little oil was offered, and the market closed dull and weak.

700 bbls upper road, spot	$2 87½
300 bbls upper road, 5-cent	2 70
200 bbls upper road, spot	2 80
200 bbls upper road, spot	2 82½
Tryon Run Oil City, spot	2 75
100 bbl. Oil City, spot	2 77½
Lyc bbl Parker's	2 80

NEW YORK, April 30.—Closing on 28th.—The market was rather weaker. Under the influence of the cold weather there was a slighter trade for shippers' option. Sales received 6,100 bbls crude in bulk, May delivery at 8½c; 1,400 bbls refined, May and early June delivery, 21¾c; 5,000 bbls, May delivery, at 21¾. The market closed at 21¾c for spot, deliv'd. Sapton 2,500 bbls refined, spot, at 19½c. Refined, to cases, 25@27c. Philadelphia delivery—Market easier at 19½@20c for refined on spot. Sales 1,000 bbls, last half May, at 20c.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—Market a shade easier: S W 19½@20c. c. o. b. 30½; cases 29c; sales none. Futures: May, 20c.

ROUSEVILLE, April 30.—Market firm at $2 05@2 07½.

TITUSVILLE, April 30.—Sales at $2 75.

PETROLEUM CENTER, April 30.—Market firm at $2 15.

OIL CITY, April 30.—Market firm at $2 85 bid and few sellers.

TITUSVILLE, April 30.—The market opens firm and unchanged at $2 70 asked, spot $2 65 bid; sellers option May and June $2 70 bid, and $2 75 asked.

PARKER'S, April 30.—Market firm at $2 70@2 75.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Line.]

PARKER'S, April 30, 11 30 A. M.—Market very strong at $2 75 bid for Union and Mutual, and $2 80 asked. Corn declined over; No 2 mixed 63½c cash and ? cash; 57c seller May; 46c do June. Oats—Demand good at 30@32c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley—Demand good at 80c. Seeds—Timothy slower seed—sale at $3 00.

PHILADELPHIA, April 30.—Refined 19½c. Crude 8½c in bulk; in bbls 12c.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Market steady, with no transactions reported yet. Crude 10½c; refined 21c, with few sales.

TITUSVILLE, April 30.—Market very quiet and inactive, and no shipments as shown by buyers or sellers to operate. It is impossible to quote the market. Oil was offered at $2 70 for bargain for April; $2 75 for May.

TIDIOUTE, April 30.—Market firm at $2 60 offered for crude; $2 85 asked.

OIL CITY, April 30.—Market firm at $2 85@2 85.

FOXBURG, April 30.—Market very much excited, with few buyers and sellers. Crude lower, the majority anticipating a decline, are holding off; $2 60 is freely bid for large lots.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
O J Grier	Citizens' O W	722
Jack & Mc	Citizens' O W	200
Wm Stewart	Sunbeam O W	161
B S Duncan	American O W	414
S M Robinson	National O W	432
N W Stevenson	Stallard O W	688
J Bushnell	Standard O W	687
J Bushnell	Crystal O W	480
J W Stevenson	Fuller O W	480
Wm Stevenson	Eagle O W	242
J W Stevenson	Consolidated O W	241
O J Grier	Petrolia O W	491
Van McKelvey	Vesta O W	239

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.
Citizens O W	120
Sunbeam O W	161
American O W	414
National O W	541
Radiant O W	686
Standard O W	363
Total	6,235

Shipments of Refined Oil East via. A. V. R. R. W. P. R. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, April 30, 1873.

Shipper.	Consignee	Bbls.
I. Irwin & Co	Wetherill, Irwin & Co, Phil	100
Wormser, M. & Co	Jno P Logan, Phil	200
Central Ref Co	Jno P Logan, Phil	200
Citizens' Co	Jack Bros, Phil	200
Citizens' Co	Warden, Frew & Co, Phil	100
J Speer & Co	T W White, Hamburg	57
Central Ref Co	C Pratt, New York	50
Total car-loads		2,307

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, WEDNESDAY, April 30, 1873.

RECEIPTS.

	Cattle, No.	Hogs, No.	Sheep, No.	Horses, No.	Mules, No.
	head.	head.	head.	head.	head.
Wednesday, April 30	918	1,200	4,400	120	....

SHIPMENTS.

	Cattle, No.	Hogs, No.	Sheep, No.	Horses, No.	Mules, No.
	head.	head.	head.	head.	head.
Wednesday, April 30	320	1,725	1,800	165	....

Cattle.

The receipts of cattle to-day were fair, and for the week heavy. The market rules moderately active, but buyers are not purchasing as free as they would if other markets were firmer. As it is, the run at Chicago is heavy, and at Buffalo prices are ¼c lower. The character of advices makes buyers cautious, and sellers reject sales from 1 to 2c lower than last week. The quality of the offerings is good, and there is no difficulty experienced in getting choice stock. Following are the rates current:

Extra, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs steers, fine and smooth, $7 10 to $7 25; extra 1,300 lbs steers, fine and smooth $6 65 to $6 75; extra 1,250 lbs steers, fine and smooth, $6 25 to $6 50; extra 1,100 lbs steers, fine and smooth, $5 90 to $6 15; fair 1,000 lbs steers, fine and smooth, $5 50 to $5 75; stockers, $5 00 to $5 50; bull's, $3 00 to $4 20.

Hogs.

The receipts of hogs continue light. The quality of the offerings is fair. Trade opened this morning firm and sales were made from 10 to 15c higher than ruled yesterday. One bunch of choice hogs sold at 6½c, but this figure is considered a little above the market. The feeling at this writing—5 P. M.—is good and there is every prospect of the market closing strong at the following rates: Extra Philadelphia $6 35; prime do $6 15 to $6 25; prime Yorkers $6 00; fair do $5 80.

Sheep.

The receipts of sheep to-day are light, and consist principally of clipped stock. The quality of the offerings is good. The market opened this morning slow and has continued so. New York market is reported off again, and the principal buyers at the Philadelphia yards market. The light run prevents a decline, which otherwise would take place. Following are the rates on rent:

Extra fat lots, 90 to 95 lbs each, $5 50; prime do $5 25 to $5 75; prime 90 lbs clipped, $5 25 to $5 50; prime 80 lbs clipped, $5 00 to $5 25.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, ILL., April 30, 1873.

A dispatch from Mackinaw says the Straits may be considered open, though ice may interfere with the progress of vessels for a number of days yet.

FLOUR—Quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat irregular and lower; No 2 spring Chicago $1 24; fresh sold at $1 25, seller May sold at $1 24⅝ @1 25; No 3 do, $1 15@1 16; rejected do, 97c. Corn dull and lower; No 2 mixed 35½c cash and ? cash; 37c seller May; 46c do June. Oats—Demand good at 30@32c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley—Demand active and prices advanced; fall No 1, 88c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Cotton in very limited request and lower; middling uplands 19¾c; sales of 1,000 bales, as follows: May 18 16@18 18c; June 18½@18 18c; July 18 16@18 18c; August 18 16@18 18c; September 18 16@18 18c. Flour quiet; receipts 14,000 barrels; superfine west'n and state $5 10@5 30; common to good do $5 35@5 60; good to choice $5 65@6 25; extra Ohio $6 30@6 50. Rye flour is dull and nominal. Corn meal is dull and heavy. Wheat in fair demand at $2 18@2 20. Whisky firmer at 91½c. Grain—Wheat lower; receipts since last report 30,000 bushels; No 2 spring Chicago $1 24; No 1 do $1 28; No 2 do $1 30; No 1 do $1 32; No 2 red $1 32; No 3 do $1 28. Corn dull and declined; receipts 30,000 bushels; mixed western 52@53c; yellow western 53@54c. Oats dull and declined; receipts 30,000 bushels; No 2 spring 37½c; No 3 do 36½c; white western 42@45c; mixed 38@40c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley—Canada West nominally 90c; two-rowed State 90c; six-rowed do 95c. Barley malt quiet and unchanged. Provisions—Pork steady; new $18 50@18 75; prime mess $17 50@17 75; old mess nominal. Middles firmer; short clear 10¾c. Lard firm; western steam 9⅝@9⅝c; kettle 9½c. Butter dull; fair to prime western 22@33c. Cheese steady at 12@17c.

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Beeves—Receipts to-day 138 cars, or 2,166 head; market unsettled and declining; weak at a decline of 3@3½c per lb, dressed weight, or also 1 to 2c per head, and a few droves were sold at less than for last week in Chicago; highest price for selected extra steers, 10¾c; No 1 average, 10c to 10½c per lb; poor to fair, 9c; inferior to ? 7½@7⅝c per lb; selling at 12@13c to dress 57 lbs; extreme range for native steers 9@10½c.

Sheep—Receipts 5,300 head; market flat and demand light; sales at 6½@6¾c per lb; 7c for a few extra; could not be sold for more than 6½@6¾c; only one car load sold up to 6¾c.

Hogs—Receipts 60 cars, or 7,200 head; demand moderate and prices lower; sales at 6½@6¾c per lb; 6¾c for a few extra; city dressed 7½@8c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, April 30.—Bagging and cotton unchanged in every respect. Flour in fair demand, but prices unchanged. Grain active. Corn is scarce at 46@47c, both in sacks. Wheat continues nominal and receipts very light. Rye firm at 80c. Oats in good demand; prices unchanged—by the car load, 38@39c. Mess pork steady at $18 50@19 00. Bacon, sugar cured hams, clear rib side, clear sides 10¾@10¾c, packed. Hams firm; sales 10½@11c; sugar cured and fancy at 14@14½c, packed. Bulk meats easy; shoulders 7½c; rib 9½c; clear sides 9½c, loose. Choice lard nominal, in tierces, 9½@9½c; keg, 10c. Whisky in small lots on orders at 91c; advance on above quotations. Whisky firm at 90@91c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Cotton dull but unchanged. Flour firmer, but unchanged. Wheat—Demand and full; supply firm; only sample lots sold. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 39½@39¾c; track; 40½c for yellow; carried into dull and declined; No 2 30¾@31c, track. Barley firm. Oats active and steady. Oils unchanged. Lard dull; 10c. Cheese steady, with a moderate demand. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Pork nominal at $18 25, spot, and $18 50 seller May. Dry salt meats nominal at 7½@8½c, loose. Bacon firmer and held higher, asked 11c. Lard, no offering. Coffee quiet at 20@21c. Sugar—Better feeling at 10@10½c. Molasses unchanged. Hogs steady at $6 15@6 45. Cattle steady; Texas $2@5; fair to extra native steers $4 25@7 00.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—Cotton dull at 20c. Flour firm at $5 10@7 75. Wheat dull and lower at $1 18@1 25. Corn active. Rye firmer at 80c. Oats firm at 44@46c. Barley firm. Pork active and steady. Old mess sold at $18 00; New Prime at $18 00. Cheese steady, with a moderate demand. Provisions more active. Bacon—Shoulders 7½c; clear rib sides 10c; clear sides 10½c. Lard steady, with a moderate demand. Prime steam 9½c. Whisky firmer at 91c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, TENN., April 30.—River three feet on Harpeth shoals and falling. Arrived—Tyrone, Cairo. Departed—Lizzie Crockett, Upper Cumberland; Tyrone, Cairo. Failing weather.

Cairo.

CAIRO, ILL., April 30.—Arrived—Kanawha No. 2, Cincinnati; Quickstep, Evansville; Emma C. Elliott, St. Louis. Departed—General Anderson, St. Louis. The river has fallen twelve inches. Rain till six P. M.; now cloudy; mercury 65.

For Latest River Prospects see Fourth Page

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

F. Bennett	Carmack.....Geneva.
Hunter	R. R. Adams.....Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton.....Elizabeth.
Geneva	Phillips.....Geneva.

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MONONGAHELA—Eight feet four inches, and swelling slightly.

Boats Departing this Day.

Geneva mail packets.....at 5 P. M.

W. H. Lucas.....Savannah.....Crane, 4 P. M.

The marks last evening indicated eight feet four inches and rising slowly. The weather during the day was pleasant—the only day that was worthy of the name for some time.

A NUMBER of towboats were making ready for a trip down the Slack.

AN Upper Mississippi exchange says run taboats are getting $35 per month.

THE steamer Bostona, owned by Commodore R. C. Gray, passed Cincinnati yesterday en route for this city.

CAPTAIN W. R. HULLIGOTT has resigned the command of the Fleet Eagle, and Captain D. Taylor succeeds him.

THE Alex. Mitchell had her guards badly damaged near Dubuque, Saturday, by a tree leaning out from the bank.

ST. LOUIS.—The Mountain Belle left for the Upper Mississippi and Illinois rivers. Is making up a number of rafts.

THE steamer West Virginia, Captain Donaldson, takes her departure this day, at 7 A. M., for Brownsville and Geneva.

INQUIRIES are being made for John Durham, who left Nashville some weeks since to engage in the river business.

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THE following towboats are to be sold at the dates mentioned: A. J. Baker, May 6; Storm, Venture and Lioness No. 2, on the 12 h of May.

J. V. FOSTER, formerly of the steamers Ada, Lyon, Cougar and Dove, has been running a portable saw mill near Stephen port, Kentucky.

THE barge Mand Lowry is a total loss. The last boat reports as seen was sticking out of the water, that being all that can be seen of the wreck.

THE Steamer Savanna, Capt. Crane, takes her departure this day for St. Louis and the Upper Mississippi. Passengers and shippers will bear this in mind.

THE towboat W. H. Harrison sunk a barge's coal to the channel, below the old Point bridge, the Gladiolus Fleets will do well to bear this fact in mind.

THE St. Louis *Republican* says: "Tonnage is fair in amount for the season, and accumulating slowly. Everything seems to go to the bank and wait an increase of business."

THE St. Paul *Press* of Thursday says the Northern Pacific Railroad has engaged the steamers Lizzie May and Mayflower, Phil Sheridan, Annie L. Lynch and Mayfl wer and Minneapolis to run in connection with its road between Duluth and Brainerd during the season of navigation.

A MAN is moving his family from St. Peterson the Minnesota river to Burlington on a flat about as broad as it is long. He moved his house on it and is floating it to Burlington. He arrived at St. Paul last Wednesday.

THE St. Louis *Globe says*: "Freights per railroad to all points on the Upper Mississippi river, whether by boat, report at five cents per 100 pound from 1 to point, and ten cents per 100 pound from here on to Dubuque. Will the steamers stand this rate?"

THE commodore, "If the packet company charges it more per thousand for grain to St. Louis during the present craze of water, what will the price be when low water [a fact] sets in? Why, it will be ruinous to the shippers of Upper Mississippi shippers.

THE Cincinnati *Gazette* says: Business dull. Competition in the New Orleans trade reduces rates almost to a cipher. Wheat rates, Asphalt 7 cents. Freight for fifteen cents, if you want to ship. Don't care if you have money." That was the feeling. Rates low to Memphis, too.

THE mail packets on the Slackwater arrive and depart on time, leaving no delay to mails. They are fast for speed, accommodations and attentive officers these boats are unsurpassed. Captain A. Swan is found on the Monongahela at all times, and will furnish you with all the necessary information.

THE *Aton Telegraph* of Saturday says: Mr. M. S. Bennett, contractor for building the dyke across Alton Slough, informs us that no more work will be done on that improvement until the water is low again. By that time the work will be finally completed. The contractor is now engaged on the pavement work near St. Louis.

CINCINNATI.—Thomas Sheelock, Esq., was elected President of the United States Mail Line Company by a unanimous vote of the Directors. Mr. Sheelock is also Secretary and Treasurer.

T. M. Stirly, Esq., Captain Frank Carter, and Captain W. C. Hite, of Louisville, were in the city yesterday.

The Vicksburg *Herald* says: "The creditors of the Belfast had a meeting at St. Louis the other day to consider the claims of the officers, and decide what was to be done with the boat. After a protracted session action the meeting adjourned, and Captain Sedam further advised that he endeavor to sell the boat at private sale."

CAPT. JAMES PAUL, of the steamer Mary Miller, was brought before United States Commissioner Merriweather, in Louisville, Friday, charged with acting as pilot without having the required license, and for landing the people at Mitchell's and Cairo without a sufficient number of officers. He was bound in the sum of $100 for his appearance at the October term of the United States Court.

ST. LOUIS.—Monday's *Globe* says: We are glad to state that an agreement has been entered into between the St. Louis and New Orleans Packet Company and the Merchants' and Southern Packet Company, whereby their conflicting interests are harmonized, and the ruinous competition between the steamers will cease. We are not fully apprised of the programme, but their boats will go on alternate days. The combination proposes sending out three boats per week.

THE following communication appeared in the St. Louis *Republican* on a recent Monday: "Steamer St. Joseph landed at New Madrid, April 14, and delivered freight amounting to $2 50 and refused to receive on return up. Landed again on April 21, and delivered freight amounting to one dollar. Landed again to night coming up. Captain Dr. Taylor refuses to see freight bills and a bill for a Cairo me chant was presented. He had to pay $4 in the presence of the wharf boat for the privilege of bringing merchandise to their town, in other words, the boat carried the freight for nothing and paid ten cents for the privilege, besides collecting the bill for the Cairo merchant for nothing. This transaction, taken in connection with the fact that the proprietors collect a commission from the consignees for receiving and paying freight, and making out bills, makes the matter look rather fun y."

THE Memphis *Appeal* of Wednesday says: The Belle La Crosse had a large cargo. She had a portion of the way to Ohio and three other "big fojans," belonging to the Indian Territory, for the purpose of examining a reservation assigned them by the government, and of making preparations for the accommodation of the tribe on its arrival at the new place of abode. The tribe now numbers about one thousand men, women and children. For years they people have been leading a migratory life in North-ern Wisconsin and Minnesota, resisting all efforts of the government to have them occupy lands in the Territory so apart for Indians. A put-ne-wa (brave bear), the chief on the steamer, said he had been trying for years to induce his people to move to the Territory, but that hundreds had perished who might be now living had they heeded his counsel.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 117¾.

NEW YORK, April 30, 1873—P. M.

MONEY.

Money more active and stringent at 7 per cent. gold to ? per day, closing at the higher rate. Express companies brought one million two hundred thousand dollars of currency.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange dull and heavy at 108¾ for sixty days and 109¾ for sight.

GOLD.

Gold firmer; rising from 116¾ to 117¾, with small business. Loans 2@7 per cent. Clearings $50,409,000. Treasury disbursements $855,000. Customs receipts $321,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Govern ments is better and firm.

U. S. coup. 1881	120½	6-20s, 1867	120½
5-20s, 1867	118½	5-20s, 1868	118½
5-20s, 1865	118¾	New 5s	118
5-20s, 1865, new	117¼	10-40s	113¾
5-20s, 1870, new	117¾	Currency 6s	114¾

STATE BONDS.

State bonds dull. Tennessees rather lower.

Missouri	93½	Virginia, old	43
Tennessee, old	79	North Carolina, old	36
Tennessee, new	69	North Carolina, new	14
Virginia, new	49		

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks alternately weak and strong, but the fluctuations are generally confined to narrow limits. Western Union active and advanced from 84½ to 86¾; has moved under tight money to 84¾. Pacific Mail rose from 67 to 67¾, but closed at the opening figure. Panama sold from 168 up to 172½, closing 171 bid. St. Paul ranged from 35¾@36¾, and preferred from 73½@74¼. It is rumored that the Southwestern Directors voted to make a common pool of the earnings with St. Paul. Erie firm advanced from 40¼ to 42¾, reacting to 42½@42¾. Lake Shore ripped between 92¾ and 93¾. New York Central 103¾ and 104; Rock Island 103½@103¾. Wabash 69¼@69¾. Joseph Scott, and Columbus, Chicago & Lake Michigan 97@98. The market closed dull but steady.

Pacific Mail	67	St. Paul preferred	73½
Western Union Tele.	84¾	Wabash	69¾
Quicksilver	37½	Wabash preferred	90
Adams Express	95	Fort Wayne	93½
Wells, Fargo & Co	85	Terre Haute	25
American Express	67	Terre Haute pref	43
United States Express	51½	Chicago and Alton	109½
Pacific Mail	67	do preferred	111
New York Central	103¾	Ohio and Miss	43¾
Erie	42½	C. I. and C	37
do preferred	73¾	Burlington & Quincy	119½
Harlem	124½	Lake Shore	91¾
do preferred	124	Panama	172
Michigan Central	105	Ill. Central	94¾
P. Ft. W. and C	88¾	Cleveland and Pitts	88¾
Northwestern	80	Central Pacific	91¾
do preferred	91½	Union Pacific	34¾
Rock Island	103½	Del. & Lackawanna	101¾
N. J. Central	125½	Hartford & Erie	10¾
St. Paul	35¾	Hudson's Bills	107¾

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Greensboro, Pa.

GREENSBORO, PA., April 30, 1873.

River stationary, with eight feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 68 at 6 P. M. F.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., April 30, 1873.

River stationary, with seven feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 72 at 6 P. M. O.

Oil City.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

OIL CITY, PA., April 30, 1873, 9 A. M.

River three feet four inches and falling slowly. Weather clear and pleasant. A.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 30, 1873.

Weather clear and pleasant to-day; cloudy and cool this evening. The Express, for Parkersburg, left at 10:30 A. M.; the Cache Brooks, for Zanesville, at 3 P. M.; Granite, for Pittsburgh, at 4 P. M. River ten feet three inches and rising slowly. M.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, KY., April 30.—Arrived—General Lytle and Ben Franklin, Cincinnati; Blue Wing 2d, Kanawha; river; Sandy, Leavenworth. Departed—Ben Franklin and General Lytle, Cincinnati; Blue Wing 2d, Kanawha; lucky river; Morning Star, Henderson; Nashville, Arkansas and Cumberland river and shoals. Morning wind from the East with northerly drift in the canal. Seven feet nine inches and in the Indian chute on the falls five feet nine inches. M.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, IND., April 30.—Hourly, with rain since 2 P. M.: mercury, 54 to 60. River has fallen three inches, and is now 3 feet 6 inches in the canal. Arrived—Ben Roberts, Down—Richmond, Pittsburg and barges, Mary Amelia, Fiery Eagle, T. J. Smith and Idlewild, Bailsmen dull.

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THE barge Mand Lowry is a total loss. The

THE VERY LATEST.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Woman Suffrage in England—New Market Spring Races.

LONDON, April 30.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, Jacob Bright moved the second reading of the Women's Disabilities bill. In his remarks in support of the bill, Mr. Bright cited the adoption of female suffrage in Wyoming Territory and elsewhere. He also said if the measure was defeated now, it would be brought forward again and again.

Mr. Bouverie moved that the second reading of the bill be postponed six months, and Mr. Scourfield seconded the motion. Debate followed, at the close of which the House divided, and the bill was rejected by a vote of 222 to 155.

The race for the two thousand guineas stakes, the great event of the New Market spring meeting, took place to-day, and was won by Gang Forward, second, and Suleiman third. The betting just before the start was six to one against Gang Forward, two to one against Kaiser, and even on Suleiman against the field. Ten horses ran.

Arbitrary Action of Italian Chamber of Deputies.

ROME, April 30.—The Chamber of Deputies to-day, in opposition to the representations and remonstrances of Signor Sella, Minister of Finance, voted $450,000 for the establishment of an arsenal at Taranto. When the vote was declared Sella asked for an adjournment, and said he would inform the House to-morrow what course he should take.

Rumored Death of the Carlist Priest

BAYONNE, April 30.—A rumor comes from the frontier that the Cure of Santa Cruz has been shot by his own officers.

Earthquake Shock in England.

LONDON, April 30.—A sharp shock of an earthquake is reported to have been felt at Doncaster yesterday.

Peace in Western Europe Assured.

BERLIN, April 30.—The *Provincial Correspondence* says the visit of the German Emperor to St. Petersburg confirms the pacific policy agreed to by the Emperors of Germany, Russia and Austria last September. It is especially significant at this time, because the prospects of peace in Western Europe were growing gloomier.

Two cases of cholera were reported to day in Magdeburg.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

VIENNA, April 30.—The scandal about the American Commissioners continues. Mr. Cunningham has been appointed temporary Superintendent of the American section. The cabmen continue on a strike.

MADRID, April 30.—The masons of Barcelona, recently on a strike, have resumed work.

PARIS, April 30.—The Carlists have surrounded Bilbos, which is almost defenceless.

LONDON, April 30.—Advices from Jerusalem state that several fights have occurred in Bethlehem between the Latin and Greek Monks, and five of the former and six of the latter injured.

THE HAGUE, April 30.—The debate in the Chamber of Deputies on the Atchenese war ended without a vote.

Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.—The steamships City of Antwerp, Calabria and California from New York, Scandinavian, from Portland, and Nestorian, from Baltimore, have arrived out.

European Markets.

LONDON, April 30, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 93⅝. American securities—ew 5s, 90; Erie 59¼. Linseed oil 29 Shillings 5d. Turpentine 28s.

PARIS, April 30.—Rentes 54 francs 85 centimes.

LIVERPOOL, April 30.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 9 11-16; Orleans 9 13-16; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales; March and April shipments from Savannah, Charleston 9 5-16 and April and May 9d. Corn 27s 6d. Lard 41s. Cheese 73s. All other articles unchanged.

ANTWERP, April 30.—Refined petroleum 42 francs.

THE HEROIC HACK DRIVER.

He Rescues a Young Girl from a House of Infamy in St. Paul.

[From the St. Paul Press, April 12.]

A few evenings ago, an incident occurred in this city, which has about it too much of good to allow it to escape without publicity, containing, as it does, evidence that a man in the humbler walks of life can do deeds as honorable and heroic as the laureled soldier who has faced shotted guns and the fire of navies. The facts as narrated by those who are familiar with them and vouch for their accuracy, are substantially as follows: Upon the arrival of the evening train from Sioux City, a young woman slightly clad and applied to a hack-driver named William Harper, for conveyance. He inquired about destination, and was under the impression that her reply included the name of a well-known house of ill-repute, but judging from the modest appearance of his passenger, he concluded that one of his informants had practically deserted him, and that he must have been mistaken. After assisting the girl to her seat, other passengers mounted his hack, and William Harper started off, determined to do his best to convey the other passengers to their destinations before he ventured to inquire of the somewhat the mystery of his first appliemt. The determination was followed strictly, and when alone, Harper again inquired where he should go. To his surprise this time was conclusive, and Harper felt restored confidence in his sense of hearing. The girl seemed innocent, and Harper ventured an inquiry as to the reasons which prompted her to voluntarily choose the life which was suggested in her early and unwept bitterly, and told her history. Thus far she was guiltless of any wrong, but she had been denied peace in her own home and had been driven away from the shelter of its roof. Her father's name and residence were frankly given. Repeated applications for work had been made, and she weepingly confessed that it seemed at last as if there were no other resource than the one indicated, except to die from starvation in a land teeming with plenty. In her desperate resolve she had decided upon the first alternative. Wm. Harper had lived half a lifetime, and his past experience now enabled him to tell her something which she evidently had not thought of—the dishonor of her youth, the hopelessness of middle age, and the shame of old age. He believed her story, and a grand sympathy warmed the soul of the honest man. Driving to the door of the establishment indicated, Harper stopped and informed his passenger that she might enter if she insisted upon that course, but he could not do so, if she preferred another and better life, to which he could direct her steps. She said:

"I will drive you to a hotel, and pay your way until you can obtain work, and an honest and honorable living. You shall not starve, and I can help you!"

The girl joyfully accepted the proposition of her good angel, who had unfolded his Christian nature by the side of a hack. To shorten the story, Harper took her to the hotel and drove home. The girl had informed him that she was brought up in the Catholic faith, and Harper at once laid the case before Rev. John Ireland. Steps for the girl's benefit were immediately taken, and through the good offices of noble Harper and Mr. Ireland she is now in a comfortable situation, and now attributes her salvation to the unexpected inspiration of her benefactor and friend, who deals to-day as he has always done, to be also an honor to their kind.

Harper's employer closed his reference to the act with these words: "That man shall not want employment or a place while I am alive!" and there was a tone of sincere feeling in his voice which showed that he appreciated the nobility of Harper's grand achievement.

51 per Steel.

According to the *Mechanics' Magazine*, London, an inventor of that city has devised a process for so thoroughly uniting silver with cutlery, as to produce an article of great practical value. It has long been the custom to electroplate silver on steel; but when over the external coating is penetrated, the steel is exposed, and thereby rendered liable to rust. By this new method the knives are finished in the style, and chemically cleaned by a special process: they are then treated with perfectly pure silver, and the two are welded together by a process not made known by the inventor. It is asserted that the silver is driven into the pores of the steel, and that the heat and moisture have no perceptible effect on the metals. The re-lit is, as claimed, a knife that will not rust, is not stained by acids, and only requires washing after use. Though sharpened any number of times, it always shows a silver surface.

THE people of Lyons, Iowa, are considerably excited over an alleged miraculous cure of a young man named William Rowan, who, while in the employ of the Northwestern Railroad Company as a bridge builder, had one of his hands badly mashed by a pile-driver. He was removed to his home, and under the instructions of the company, medical aid was summoned, not only from Lyons, but also from Davenport and Chicago. The skill of the physicians, however, was of no avail. Gangrene set in and spread so rapidly that they all decided he must die. He grew was his relatives, and, as a last resource, a solution and corruption that a coffin was ordered, and the Catholic pastor of Lyons was called to administer the last rites of the church. A Sister of Charity from Dubuque, who was also present, suggested that an application of the water of Lourdes (the famous French spring where a girl is said to have appeared to some children), be made to the body. The application was made, and, after a period of two days, a visible change appeared. The young man's life is now pronounced beyond the out of danger, the case is to undergo an investigation, so that no doubt may be left of the nature of the case as well as of the cure.

A MOST singular banquet has just taken place in Paris. A M. Decroire invited several of his friends and a small company of scientific men to dine upon the flesh of horses who had died from the glanders, of cows, the victims of the rinderpest, and of an ass, just killed for hydrophobia. It was a "test-banquet" —one that proved the strength of a man's nerve to science, and that he was willing to risk his life to demonstrate, in the most practical manner, that the flesh of an animal is not affected as human food by even the worst diseases. The fire purifies it and purges away all infection. The veterinarians of the Paris Zoological Gardens is said to corroborate this theory from personal experiments on the condemned meat sent to feed the animals. How far this question is finally settled by M. Decroire and his friends, and with the approaching Vilsit Congress, the gay Capital will have an opportunity, at some future day, to erect statues to its dietary benefactors.

Internal revenue receipts for the current fiscal year were estimated at $110,000,000, but will probably reach $115,000,000.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 30.—Arrive'—Hobbs, Wheeling; Johnson, Keokuk; Coal Hill, Pomeroy; Davage, Pittsburgh; Gowen Cairo; Sharp, Memphis; Lee, Saint Paul; Sunset, Cincinnati; Spread Eagle, Departed—Minnesota, Galena; Clinton, St. Paul; Tennessee, Dubuque; Hawkeye, Grand Tower; Memphis, Bon Accord, Mound City. River about stationary. Cloudy and damp during the day; heavy rain to night.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, April 30.—River seventeen foot six inches and declining. Arrived—Hudson, Memphis; Fred. Chamney, Evansville; Jas. D. Parker and Andy Baum, Memphis; Josiah Lombard, Minnesota and Rower, St. Louis to Pittsburgh. Cool and warm.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, TENN., April 30.—Arrived—Bird, Arkansas river Departed—Turner, Cincinnati; City of Quincy, St Louis; General Republic, New Orleans; Mary Mildee, White river; Shooner and Probasco, Cincinnati. Clear. River falling. Heavy rain nearly all day.

Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG, Apr 30.—Down—Iron Mountain and barges and merry Amos. Up—Crescent City and barges Cloudy, warm and heavy rain.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Arrived—Glenore, St. Louis Departed—Belle Lee, Louisville; Thompson Dean, St. Louis. Cloudy and warm.

Buffalo Live Stock Market.

BUFFALO, April 30.—Cattle—Receipts to-day, including 26 cars for sale, 1,263 head, making a total for the week thus far of 7,676 head, or 48 cars. The market has and all day been off from yesterday's prices; the unfavorable news from the East caused regular buyers to hold off; very few eastern buyers in attendance and the trade confined to local and country dealers; about 650 head disposed of, sales 264 Illinois steers, 1,161 lbs, at $5 40; 30 do, 1,085 to 1,156 lbs, at $5 20@5 75; 40 Missouri steers, 1,200 lbs at $5 50; 43 Michigan steers, 1,122 to 1,209 lbs, at $5 25@5 60; 22 Michigan stock steers, 878 lbs, at $4 85; 20 do, 1,000 lbs, at $5 25; 37 Ohio heifers, 867 lbs, at $5 25; 3 sheep and 2 lambs—Receipts thus far this week 3,000 head; market dull and slow, buyers holding off for a decline. 1,000 head shipped at $4 25@5 00; 300 Ohio wooled, 84 to 101 lbs, at $5 00@5 50; 60 Indiana wooled sheep, 90 lbs, at $5 75. Hogs—Receipts to day 1,500 head, making a total for the week of 15,300 head; 60 cars; market active and 10 cents lower; 297 Illinois hogs, 170 to 212 lbs, at $3 65@5 90; 96 mixed Ohio hogs, 178 lbs, at $5 55.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

CHICAGO, April 30.—Cattle—Receipts 2,786 head, market quiet, but prices for good shipping grades steady at a range of $5 10@5 50 for fair to choice; $4 75@5 00 for medium fleshy steers and feeders; $4 25@4 75 for fat cows; stuffy steers partially 25c lower. Hogs—Receipts 15,000 head; market fairly active and steady for best grades at a full range of $5 25@5 65, for common to extra, with most of sales at $5 30@5 50 for fair to good; shipments 7,000 head.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.—Flour dull; double $6 12½; treble $7 12½; family $9@10. Corn lower; mixed 56c; white 57@58c. Oats in fair supply at 46c. Bran dull at 1½@1½c. Hay firm; prime $18@19; choice $17 50@18. Corn meal dull and held at $3 75@3 87½. Dry salt meats dull; shoulders 5½@5½c; clear rib 6½@6½c; clear 6½c; hams 14@15c. Lard—Refined scarce; tierce 9¾c; keg 10½c. Sugar, molasses, whisky and coffee unchanged.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

Railroads and the State of Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 30.—In 1868 the Legislature of this State passed an act releasing the State lien on the Missouri Pacific and North Missouri Railroads, and the former road was sold to the stockholders for $5,000,000. The full amount of the lien was $13,000,000. Last month, as reported at the time, the present Legislature by resolution asked Attorney General Ewing for an opinion as to the constitutionality of the act under which the State lien was released, and that officer replied that it violated the Constitution. In order to settle the matter it has been agreed by all parties interested that Gov. Woodson shall advertise the road for sale to satisfy the balance of the State lein of eight millions, and the railroad company will apply to the Supreme Court for an injunction restraining the sale and a full hearing of the case will be had. The order of sale will be made to-morrow or Friday.

A NEW ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN CUT-OFF.

A Painesville correspondent of the Cleveland *Herald* writes to that paper under date of April 23d, as follows:

The articles in the *Daily Herald* of this evening, relating to the Atlantic and Great Western and Erie Railways, indicate that those great trunk roads are hereafter to be used for railroad purposes, and properly managed they will speedily develop a business that will require a double track.

A new road from Cleveland, by Painesville and Jefferson, to Miller's Station is ninety-five miles, and such a line would afford the following advantages:

First. It would be twenty-five miles shorter to go from Galion, by Cleveland, to Miller's (distance 174 miles), than by present route (199 miles).

Second. It would be thirty-five miles shorter from Cleveland to Miller's (95 miles) by Painesville and Jefferson, than is by the Lake Shore Road.

Third. It would be fourteen miles shorter from Cleveland to Union City, Pennsylvania, and the oil regions, by Miller's than it is by the Lake Shore Road and Erie.

Fourth. Business seeking the lake from the oil region would reach Painesville, Ashtabula and other nine miles from Union City, whereas it is 142 miles to the lake by Cleveland.

Fifth. The grade by this "Northern Division" would be much lighter, and the curves much less, than by the present route between Galion and Miller's Station.

The "Northern Division," being twenty-five miles shorter, with lighter grades, would become the most important for through business, to the great advantage of Painesville and the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Company.

Now that the Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railway are in the hands of such men as Presidents Watson and Devereaux, who are compelled, as the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Road, there is good reason to believe that those roads are to be managed in the future in a legitimate business way, and Cleveland, with Lake and Ashtabula connections, ought to have the same interest to secure the construction of this ninety-five miles of road, whether the Atlantic and Great Western Company shall desire to build the short line road. Ninety-five miles of new road from Cleveland to Miller's, in connection with the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Road from Cleveland to that point, will take the place of a double track from Galion to Miller's (one hundred and ninety-nine miles).

HOSPITAL OUTRAGES.

Shocking Condition of Affairs at the Cumberland County, Pa., Almshouse.

Last week the Directors of the Poor and Steward of the Cumberland County Almshouse were tried at Carlisle for neglect of duty in reference to the patients sent to county hospital during the prevalence of the small-pox last winter. The former were acquitted, but the latter was found guilty. The Carlisle *Herald*, commenting editorially on the case, gives the following details: This hospital was opened for the reception of patients during the month of September, 1872. It was put in charge of a person named Amelia Small, who had only been discharged as proved to be drunken, profane and degraded to an extent unusual even in one of her class. This creature was permitted to remain in charge of the hospital until January.

Her practice was to retire about eight o'clock, and lock up the patients in the dark, with no one to attend them during the night. The patients were in all stages of disease, many of them suffering from loathsome condition. In at least two cases she tied these poor creatures at night, without leaving any one to attend to their wants, and they were found dead in this condition.

The shocking details were given in evidence of the condition of the patients who were thus left alone, without any attendance or assistance whatever, during the night. Many of them were very high fever, were unable to obtain even a drink of water during the whole nights of unutterable misery. They were left without light, their apartments were insufficiently warmed, and, in one case, a child who had recovered from the disease was found in a state of cold.

The bill of fare for these patients was quite in keeping with the brutality and neglect they experienced from the nurse. Their breakfast was dry bread, some mornings without coffee, sometimes with molasses. For dinner they had soup prepared from scraps of meat and vegetables, the meat being taken out before it was served to the sick. The same bill of fare was served from day to day.

Their supper consisted of dry bread, the same sort of coffee, and again molasses. Milk was furnished occasionally at breakfast to the small children. On Sunday no supper was furnished, the sick receiving no food from Sunday dinner until Monday morning.

Not a single article that usually comes to the relief of a sick man was ever seen in the hospital during this entire time, except what was sent by the people of the town.

The testimony is merely a very imperfect outline of the evidence adduced on the trial. Many of the details concerning the condition of the patients were of the most revolting character, and astonished all who heard them.

CITY MATTERS.

The Hampton Case.

There were no further developments in the Hampton case yesterday. Speculations regarding the result of his arrest are many, but no new facts will be made public until the trial. There is every reason to believe that the whole story of the robbery will yet be brought to light, and that the guilty parties will be brought to punishment.

For Assembly

In the proper column will be found the card of B. C. Christy, Esq., who announces himself as a candidate for Assembly in the district of the county on this side of the cities. Mr. Christy is an attorney of prominence, an active Republican, and a thorough gentleman. He will make a good fight for the position, and if nominated and elected we think he will make a good Representative.

Mrs. Slack Davis at LaFayette Hall.

On Friday evening we are to have an exhibition of dancing and calisthenics and a dramatic entertainment at LaFayette Hall, by the pupils of Mrs. Slack Davis's Academy. The exhibition will be divided into three parts, the first two of which embrace the dancing, and the last a drama, in two acts, entitled "Children in the Woods," to be rendered for the first time on this occasion. The exhibition will coincide with Indian club exercises, by seven pupils in costume.

Commissioner to Vienna.

Col. John B. Finley, L. L. D., of Kittanning, has been appointed by Governor Hartranft a Commissioner to represent Pennsylvania at the World's Fair at Vienna. A better selection for the position could not have been made. Colonel Finley is an accomplished gentleman and well known in Western Penny vania. He rendered most important service during the rebellion, raising and equipping at his own expense a regiment of volunteers that made its mark. He established Camp Orr and was for a time the Commandant there.

Change in the Sheriff's Office.

Mr. W. J. Diehl, for several years Chief Clerk in the Sheriff's office, retires to-day, and will be succeeded by ex-Sheriff Samuel B. Cluley. Mr. Diehl was a very competent clerk, and by his affability and gentlemanly demeanor won hosts of friends. Sheriff Hare is fortunate in having secured so good a gentleman as Mr. Cluley to take charge of the office, since his long service and his clerk will be of great benefit to better experience as Sheriff, render him every way qualified for the place. He is exceedingly popular among the members of the bar, who will cordially welcome him back to his old position.

RENEWAL OF RAILROAD WAR.

Another Demonstration at Broad Ford—Bill in Equity in Supreme Court.

Rumors prevailed last evening of a revival of the conflict between the Pennsylvania Central and Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Companies, concerning the connection with the Mount Pleasant and Broad Ford Road, rather summarily transferred to the former company some weeks since, upon the ground of alleged violation of the terms of lease by the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Company.

Upon inquiry at the office of the Connellsville Road as to the truth of rumors of a renewal of the trouble, we learned that about three o'clock the day after the employees of the Connellsville Road, at Broad Ford, began the restoration of the destroyed track at that point, but they were soon confronted by some two hundred men, claimed to be in the service of the Pennsylvania Central company, and kept in the vicinity for the special purpose of preventing the repair of the torn up track. In order to more effectually perform the special service, they set fire to two small bridges, on which they had previously placed barrels of coal oil. Fifteen men appear that there were any further proceedings, the interfering parties confining their efforts to maintaining any attempts to restore connection between the Pittsburgh and Connellsville and Mount Pleasant and Broad Ford roads.

A bill in equity has been filed on behalf of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Company, with a view of preventing further in terference with asserted rights. The bill will be heard before the Supreme Court, which will meet at Harrisburg next week.

THE MURDER AT SALTSBURG.

What Has Been Done and What Is Doing—Further Revelations Looked For.

The atrocious murder committed near Saltsburg is still the topic of conversation and many theories and opinions are put forth regarding it. Opinions as to the guilt or innocence of the two tramps arrested on suspicion and now confined in our jail, are divided, many people inclining to the belief that they could not have committed the deed. The facts respecting the occurrence are briefly told and easily understood. Near about ten o'clock in the morning of Monday last an innocent girl of thirteen years of age is brutally murdered on the hill, within three hundred yards of the village named. The murder is not discovered until two hours or more after, when the almost dead body is found.

THE SUSPICIONS.

Shortly after the time when the tragedy must have been committed two hard looking characters come into the town, appear to be in no particular hurry however, and they remain within one mile of the place for at least two hours. They are followed and traced to this city, and are arrested the following day. The additional circumstances against them is that their shoes correspond with impressions around the scene of the murder.

Mr. Hendricks, a well knownfeitzen of Osceola, as reported by us yesterday, states that two other men than those arrested were coming to the city and they must have gone by the path taken by the girl.

Besides these there are reasons, not proper for publication, for suspicions in another direction.

WHAT HAS BEEN DONE.

The two tramps who were first, and are still, more particularly suspected, have been secured, and it is said additional facts pointing to their guilt have been secured by Detective Wilmot, who visited the place on Tuesday.

Chief Irwin has found bloody clothes left at a cleaning establishment in Allegheny, but the precise publication of the information divulges the idea of securing the party or parties who left them, in case they are the guilty ones, which, however, is not likely.

Reports from Cleveland state that two suspicious characters have been arrested there who confess to having committed robbery here.

WHAT IS DOING.

There does not seem to be much doing towards unraveling the mystery, yet Detective Wilmot, and perhaps others, will go to Saltsburg this morning with a view of collecting all facts and sifting suspicions. It is to be hoped that they be successful in getting a clue that may fasten the horrible crime on the guilty parties.

DECEDENTS' ESTATES.

Register's List for April.

The following is a list of the wills admitted to probate, and letters granted to administrators, by Register Gray, during the month of April:

WILLS ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

Decedent:	Executors:
Alexander C. Barclay.....	Cyrus Barclay.
Thomas McClung.....	Mary Ann McClung.
	Levi Wilson.
Robert Wilson.....	Alexander Bradley.
	Wm. E. Schenfield.
John W. Johnston.....	Oliver Person.
Jane H. Presley.....	Thomas McClance.
Thomas Bailey.....	Hannah Bailey.
	Matthew Mashinney.
James Washinner.....	John Barton.
	David Hutchinson.
John Berger.....	Rev. John B. Dalfour.
Ann Bunn.....	John Ferguson.
George Kennedy.....	Ann Kennedy.
George Singer, Sr.....	George Singer, Jr.
	Wm. H. Singer.
John E. Hoss.....	Geo. Hoss.
Wm Bratt.....	Benj. Bratt.
Adam Oestreich.....	Thos. Bratt.
	Wm. K. Nimick.
Jas. Frazier.....	Alexander Nimick.
Allice B. Laughlin.....	Wm. H. Holmes.
	Henry A. Laughlin.
Alexander McClung.....	Jno. Trevor McClung.
	Wm. A. McClung.
Sarah Castor.....	John S. Ailman.
Margaret Frick.....	August Meir.
Thos. McCloskey.....	Catharine McCloskey.
Anna M. Davis.....	Joseph G. Davis.
Magdalena Sickle.....	
	Joseph Barton.
John Clowes.....	Joseph Clowes.
	Thomas Broom.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION GRANTED.

Deceased.	Bonds.
Frank Heckerman.....	Caroline Heckerman.. $ 500
Jas Bridges.....	Michael Bradley..... 250
Henry Schoepp.....	Mitchell Kinsey..... 12,000
James Grigg.....	Frank Bopp..... 800
Holland Riddle.....	Dr. L. Riddle..... 200
Barbara Fagan.....	Charles E. Riddle..... 2,000
Eliza Holmes.....	Mary A. Riddle..... 2,000
Jno. Hall.....	John D. Hallmers..... 2,000
David Morris.....	Wm. Hallmers..... 100
John Wagner.....	W. J. Morris..... 4,000
Y. Ruchelhouse.....	Valentine Ruchelhouse. 400
Jas. F. Scott.....	Elizabeth Scott..... 1,000
	Robert Mellon.....
Andrew Gill.....	W. W. Shaw..... 4,000
James Gill.....	Martha Gill..... 2,000
William Jones.....	Holmes Harger..... 1,500
Danie. McClafferty.....	Nancy J. Hagerty..... 600
Alexander Irwin.....	Isaac N. A. Gill..... 2,500
Jeremiah Kenny.....	Martin Kenny..... 2,000
Ludwig Miller.....	Rosina Muller..... 2,000
Michael Hanna.....	John Hanna..... 200
Joseph Puttenhafer.....	Anton Schmidt..... 1,500
Elizabeth Schmidtler.....	Joseph Bauer..... 1,000
Mary Weis.....	Joseph Weis..... 2,000
Geo. C. Gumbert.....	John H. Mellon..... 8,000
John F. Davis.....	T. Walter Davis..... 500
Margaret Rourke.....	Jno. Rourke..... 1,000
Marion C. Wallace.....	Leonard Wallace.....
	John W. Spoor I..... 1,500
Mary S. Flitcck.....	John W. Spoor II..... 200
Francis Morrison.....	John Campbell, Sr..... 300
William B. Alexander.....	William Alexander..... 2,000
Alfred F. Offord.....	Mrs. Mary Offord..... 500
Elizabe h Schmidtler.....	Frank Hart..... 10,000
John F. Hess, et l a.....	Catharine Hess..... 2,000
H. Henry Fayrer.....	John A. Mellon..... 1,000
John Young, Jr.....	Mrs. Hannah P. Young. 20,000
Patrick McMahon.....	Francis McMahon..... 500
Anna M. Davis.....	W. D. Crumpton..... 8,000
Mrs. M. A. Hanna.....	John G Hanna..... 2,000

J. R. McABOY'S CASE.

Seen From a Different Standpoint — Facts Unfolded.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Commercial:

About the year A. D. 1850, William J. Totten, one of the most valued citizens of Pittsburgh, departed this life. He was my brother-in-law. He sent for me in his dying moments, I started at once, and on my way to the city, met a second messenger to hasten my coming—but I was too late. When he perceived that he was about to die without seeing me, he said to his wife, "Call him, when he comes, to take charge of my children." This tells the story of how I came to be related to his heirs as guardian. From time to time settlements were made with all of the heirs but Charles K. and Virginia I.

Robert C. Totten was paid his own share and the most of what was due to Caroline and Denny, to assist him to go into business. Others were paid all that was due at their arriving of age, and all that ever would be due. A fair and full settlement of the estate of Charles and Virginia would have shown them fully paid up to their mother's death. They insisted upon a settlement of their shares, and the papers were made out, signed and sealed, proceeding to be copied and compared. But at this juncture the mother died. Now, these proceedings, which have been a matter of record in Westmoreland County, were commenced before the death of the mother.

At once I came up from North Carolina to meet the new emergency of dues arising from the death of Mrs. Totten, and to save my estate from such confiscation as might make others of my friends to suffer. I was told that such severe measures had been threatened, but I could not believe that it would be attempted. I could not believe that these children, who had been treated by me and mine as my own children, to whom I had acted as a father, could or would act with such ingratitude and utter disregard; the details of which, although I have not here recite, but is fully known by many of the most responsible people of Pittsburgh. While I am free to admit that by my kindness to a nephew of a different family, and his infidelity, I was brought into financial trouble. But my estate, administered, was ample to pay all trusts and debts of my own, save the house of my defaulting nephew, who I was cruelly, and, I think, without any proper excuse, proceeded against by the writ of attachment. The ruin was produced by the failure of one of my friends, and while it was in the power of others to do the same thing, I have suffer from the failure of his friends and my confidence in my nephew. Being fully assured that the sum due was only by hundreds instead of thousands as demanded, the writs of attachment that settled the case was eight hundred and fifty dollars to one and six hundred and fifty dollars to the other, and I was forced to sell property to raise the money to pay my relief, those who did relieve, and those who offered to do so, I have no words to express my gratitude.

L. R. McABOY.

LUTHERAN MISSION WORK.

Meeting at the Rev. Laird's Church.

A meeting was held last evening at the Lutheran church, Seventh avenue, Rev. Laird pastor, in furtherance of the mission work of that church, more particularly in this vicinity. The attendance was fair, members of different congregations being present.

After devotional exercises, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Laird, Rev. W. A. Passavant addressed the meeting, explaining the origin and progress of the mission work, especially in this vicinity and urged united action of the congregations now existing, in furtherance of it. There are, he said, very many people of the Lutheran denomination scattered about this thickly populated district who cannot attend their own churches because of the distance, while they are not able to establish churches themselves. There was need for earnest work by the organized congregations, and missions ought to be established in various portions of the two cities. He thought that by united action and by means of the Sunday-school he widely spread permanents and that much good could and might be done. The address of Mr. Passavant was followed by the Reverend gentleman as needing missions, he mentioned Fifth avenue, East, Lawrenceville, Minersville, Allegheny city and the South Side.

Rev. G. E. Webb first heard addressed the meeting, and made an earnest appeal for help for the work in the cause of Christ. He dwelt on our duty to God, and spoke impressively of the high and holy privilege of saving fellow workers with Christ in the work. He may do good, may influence one or more to do good, and thus spread the christian religion.

Rev. Laird made some concluding remarks regarding the mission work and the great need of the denomination to be up and doing. In this large and populous district there are but ten or eleven Lutheran congregations, while there are many of the faith who need only a place of worship to induce them to serve the Lord. There is need of an increase of working forces in this vicinity. But while these cities are so poorly supplied there are other cities on all sides, with from one thousand to eighty thousand people that are in greater need than ourselves. Therefore, while we are laboring in the nineteen work at home we should not forget the more destitute.

In closing the pastor stated that on next Sabbath week a collection would be taken up in aid of the cause.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Mrs. Charlton's appeared again last night in the popular drama of "Aurora Floyd, or the Secret Marriage." The play and playing are all that could be desired. Those who have not yet witnessed the vivid portrayal of character which the representation of this thrilling drama affords, will be glad to know that it is to be once more repeated at the Opera House to-night.

Library Hall.

Miss Keene and her splendid company gave "She Stoops to Conquer," last evening, to a large and delighted audience. The applause was frequent and genuine, and must have satisfied the most exacting of performers. In the full appreciation of this admirable combination, Pittsburgh taste is again vindicated. To-night we have "Masks and Faces," by Tom Taylor and Charles Reed, with Miss Keene as Peg Wellington. This announcement will fill Library Hall if the weather continues favorable.

Alms's American Theater.

The unusually good bill at this theater attracts full houses at every performance. The female gymnasts are universal favorites. To-night the best things are offered.

Trimble's Varieties.

Here the bills and houses are all that could be desired. The female minstrels continue with unabated favor. Trimble's is sure to be crowded every night.

Forepaugh's Aggregation.

This afternoon and evening afford the last opportunities of seeing the great show. Judging from the crowded condition of the five, large tents at every performance since their arrival, enough people will have no cause to regret their visit to this city. Only two more exhibitions.

Roaring Home Fair.

The Fair continues with unabated interest and, we are glad to say, profit. The attractions upon the tables, yea and behind them too, are simply irresistible. Last night the usual number to-day, by the Second Presbyterian Church, and the rare display of articles for sale, we are promised an Old Folks' Concert on the plan, and with the person, and the old original Father Kemp performance. Several of our very best amateur vocalists will appear. We are also informed that Mrs. Jack Davis will positively appear with six of her pupils in Indian costume, and give an exhibition which will be as entertaining as novel. Go to the City Hall.

Habitual Drunkenness.

Mrs Barbara Forrof presented a petition, in the Common Pleas, yesterday, praying that a commission be issued in the nature of a writ *de lunatico inquirendo* to inquire into the habitual drunkenness of her husband, Adam Forrof. She says that her husband, by reason of his habitual drunkenness, is incapable of managing his property; that he has given his bond dollars to Jno. Hall, and various other personal property, which he is unable to take care of, and that he has a family consisting of herself and three children, the youngest only months old and the eldest ten years, which he has lately neglected to provide. The Court granted a commission directed to John H. Kerr, Esq., and made returnable on or before the 11th day of May.

The New County House.

The Commissioners to select a site for the new government buildings held another meeting yesterday, in Mr. Steel's office, but, beyond discussing the proposed sites, did nothing. The members are still "wide apart in their views," and unless they are shut in a room and "starved" for a few days, they will not be likely to arrive at a unanimous decision. Among the propositions discussed is one looking to the retention of the present site, valued at $200,000, the government to turn the ground in as an additional appropriation. There was no disposition manifested to urge a vote, for the reason that there was no likelihood of more than two or three voting for the same site.

Forepaugh Sued.

In the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, Mrs. Jane B. Holmes, through her attorney, entered suit for damages against Adam Forepaugh, the proprietor of the "Show" now on Exhibition here. It is stated that Forepaugh sold a circus to a Mr. Ward, Mrs. Holmes giving as security for Ward a mortgage on certain property owned by her in this city that Ward failed, whereupon Forepaugh foreclosed the mortgage, took possession of the property and sold it, although he had agreed to accept notes for payment of the mortgage, with interest, costs and expenses. The price he realized was $25,000, while Mrs. Holmes claims the property to be worth three times that sum. A summons was issued.

Tee Wife Beater.

Adam Wesser, whose arrest for beating and attempting to hang his wife we noticed yesterday morning, was brought before Mayor Blackmore at the morning hearing. The facts as we detailed them were substantiated in the main. Had not the officers interfered at the moment, we should undoubtedly have had to chronicle a murder as the result of this terrible assault. The fine imposed by the Mayor was fifty dollars and costs, in default of which amount Wesser was sent to the workhouse for sixty days. Husbands will learn no lessons of forbearance and kindness toward their wives, by the experience of this guardian of the weaker sex. The Quarter Sessions should have had the punishment of this ferocious fellow.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

In this Court yesterday, on petition of George Carroll & Bro. of Erie, Pa., creditors, the firm of R. Armstrong & Bro., of Wheatland, Mercer county, debtors, was adjudged bankrupt, and the matter referred to Register Woodruff, of Erie.

On petition of C. G. Harmon, assignee of the estate of George W. Sperow, of Conneaut county, bankrupt, an order was made for a second general meeting of the creditors at Erie.

The report of Register Shaffer on the application of George C. Higgins for pay for services as clerk to R. & A. McPherson, of Parker's Landing, bankrupts, was presented, and the assignee directed to pay the claim of said Higgins. On petition of the assignee of said bankrupts, Wallace Martin was appointed Commissioner to take testimony.

Patrick Featherston, of Allegheny city, who was adjudged a bankrupt on petition of Z. Wainwright & Co., of this city, creditors, having, according to the report of Register Shafer, complied with all the requirements of the bankrupt act, received his final discharge. In granting this discharge, this Court has virtually decided that the fact of a debtor being adjudged bankrupt upon creditors' petition does not, necessarily, prevent him receiving a certificate of discharge.

Register Knox presented his bills of costs in the matters of Benjamin Maple and William Hart, of Greene county, and John Moorhead of Lawrence county, bankrupts, and the same were approved.

On petition of certain creditors, James H. Hopkins, Esq., of this city, was appointed assignee of the estate of William Horn, of Washington county, bankrupt, in place of Hon. William Hopkins, deceased.

The choice by the creditors, of Amos Howard, of Mill City, Pa., as assignee of the estate of Wesley Ross, of Luzerne county, bankrupt, was approved.

A first dividend was had in the matter of Wilmarth & Rolfe, of Erie county, bankrupts on the demurrer to the rule on Register Woodruff to show cause why the assigns elected at the first meeting of creditors should not be recognized as such, and the proceedings removed to some other Register. Judge Gregg, representing certain creditors, and John H. Bailey, Esq., for the Register, appeared for demurrer, and J. M. Stoner, Esq., against the same. The decision of the Court was reserved.

In the case of William Merrington vs. the steamboat Oil Valley, in admiralty, an order was made directing the Clerk to pay to John R. Large, Esq., proctor for libellant, the sum of one hundred dollars, amount of costs, and in full of the claim of said libellant.

On petition presented Holtzman & Westbrook were allowed to file an intervening libel for further in the case of S. J. Erwin vs the steamboat A. J. Baker, et al.

Proceedings in the case of Homestead vs. Homestead were postponed to take place as follows:

At Homestead, Monday, May 19th
At North Homestead, Monday, May 26th.
At Monongahela City, Monday, June 2d.
At Homestead Terrace, Monday, June 9th.

A. PATTERSON, Secretary.

Cryptochylon Ice Pitchers

At R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 109 Wood street